



L.B. Foster Company Investor Presentation

Nasdaq - FSTR

May 2025

Safe Harbor Disclaimer

Safe Harbor Statement

This presentation may contain “forward-looking” statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Forward-looking statements provide management’s current expectations of future events based on certain assumptions and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Sentences containing words such as “believe,” “intend,” “plan,” “may,” “expect,” “should,” “could,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “predict,” “project,” or their negatives, or other similar expressions of a future or forward-looking nature generally should be considered forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this presentation are based on management’s current expectations and assumptions about future events that involve inherent risks and uncertainties and may concern, among other things, the Company’s expectations relating to our strategy, goals, projections, and plans regarding our financial position, liquidity, capital resources, and results of operations and decisions regarding our strategic growth initiatives, market position, and product development. While the Company considers these expectations and assumptions to be reasonable, they are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, regulatory, and other risks and uncertainties, most of which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond the Company’s control. The Company cautions readers that various factors could cause the actual results of the Company to differ materially from those indicated by forward-looking statements. Accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. Among the factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements are risks and uncertainties related to: a continuation or worsening of the adverse economic conditions in the markets we serve, including recession, the continued volatility in the prices for oil and gas, tariffs or trade wars, inflation, project delays, and budget shortfalls, or otherwise; volatility in the global capital markets, including interest rate fluctuations, which could adversely affect our ability to access the capital markets on terms that are favorable to us; restrictions on our ability to draw on our credit agreement, including as a result of any future inability to comply with restrictive covenants contained therein; a decrease in freight or transit rail traffic; environmental matters and the impact of environmental regulations, including any costs associated with any remediation and monitoring of such matters; the risk of doing business in international markets, including compliance with anti-corruption and bribery laws, foreign currency fluctuations and inflation, global shipping disruptions, the imposition of increased or new tariffs, and trade restrictions or embargoes; our ability to effectuate our strategy, including cost reduction initiatives, and our ability to effectively integrate acquired businesses or to divest businesses, such as the acquisition of VanHooseCo Precast LLC, and to realize anticipated benefits; costs of and impacts associated with shareholder activism; the timeliness and availability of materials from our major suppliers, as well as the impact on our access to supplies of customer preferences as to the origin of such supplies, such as customers’ concerns about conflict minerals; labor disputes; cybersecurity risks such as data security breaches, malware, ransomware, “hacking,” and identity theft, which could disrupt our business and may result in misuse or misappropriation of confidential or proprietary information, and could result in the disruption or damage to our systems, increased costs and losses, or an adverse effect to our reputation, business or financial condition; the continuing effectiveness of our ongoing implementation of an enterprise resource planning system; changes in current accounting estimates and their ultimate outcomes; the adequacy of internal and external sources of funds to meet financing needs, including our ability to negotiate any additional necessary amendments to our credit agreement or the terms of any new credit agreement, the Company’s ability to manage its working capital requirements and indebtedness; domestic and international taxes, including estimates that may impact taxes; domestic and foreign government regulations, including tariffs; our ability to maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting (“ICFR”) and disclosure controls and procedures, as well as our ability to reestablish effective disclosure controls and procedures; any change in policy or other change due to the results of the UK’s 2024 parliamentary election and the U.S. 2024 Presidential election that could affect UK or U.S. business conditions; other geopolitical conditions, including the ongoing conflicts between Russia and Ukraine, conflicts in the Middle East, and increasing tensions between China and Taiwan; a lack of or delay in state or federal funding for new infrastructure projects; an increase in manufacturing or material costs, including volatility in steel prices; the loss of future revenues from current customers; any future global health crises, and the related social, regulatory, and economic impacts and the response thereto by the Company, our employees, and national, state, or local governments, including any governmental travel restrictions; and risks inherent in litigation and the outcome of litigation and product warranty claims. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements prove incorrect, actual outcomes could vary materially from those indicated. Significant risks and uncertainties that may affect the operations, performance, and results of the Company’s business and forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those set forth under Item 1A, “Risk Factors,” and elsewhere in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, or as updated and/or amended by our other current or periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

All information in this presentation speaks only as of May 16, 2025, and any distribution of the presentation after that date is not intended and will not be construed as updating or confirming such information. L.B. Foster Company assumes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by securities laws. The information in this presentation is unaudited, except where noted otherwise.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This investor presentation discloses the following non-GAAP measures:

- Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization (“EBITDA”)
- Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and certain charges (“Adjusted EBITDA”)
- Adjusted EBITDA margin
- Net debt
- Gross Leverage Ratio per the Company’s credit agreement
- Funding capacity
- Free cash flow
- Free cash flow yield
- New orders
- Book-to-bill ratio
- Backlog
- Organic sales growth (decline)
- Enterprise value
- Other certain metrics, as indicated, adjusted for non-routine items

The Company believes that EBITDA is useful to investors as a supplemental way to evaluate the ongoing operations of the Company’s business since EBITDA may enhance investors’ ability to compare historical periods as it adjusts for the impact of financing methods, tax law and strategy changes, and depreciation and amortization. In addition, EBITDA is a financial measure that management and the Company’s Board of Directors use in their financial and operational decision-making and in the determination of certain compensation programs. Adjusted EBITDA adjusts for certain charges to EBITDA that the Company believes are unusual, non-recurring, unpredictable, or non-cash. The Company also discloses adjusted EBITDA margin, which is Adjusted EBITDA as a percent of net sales, which is useful to demonstrate adjusted EBITDA levels and growth relative to sales. Organic sales growth (decline) is a non-GAAP financial measure of sales growth (decline) excluding the effects of divestitures and product exits. Management believes this measure provides investors with a supplemental understanding of underlying trends by providing sales growth on a consistent basis. Management provides organic sales growth (decline) at the consolidated and segment levels. Portfolio changes are considered based on their comparative impact over the last twelve months, to determine the differences in year over year results due to these transactions. The Company also excluded the impact of non-routine items from certain metrics as indicated, in order to provide insight to Company performance on a base level without these non-routine items, which is useful to investors to better understand performance. The Company views net debt, which is total debt less cash and cash equivalents, and the Gross Leverage Ratio, as defined in the Second Amendment to its Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated August 12, 2022, and the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated August 13, 2021, as important metrics of the operational and financial health of the organization and believe they are useful to investors as indicators of its ability to incur additional debt and to service its existing debt. The Company discloses funding capacity which is the net availability under the revolving credit facility plus cash and cash equivalents which the Company believes is useful to investors as it demonstrates the borrowing capacity of the Company. The Company discloses free cash flow as it is a non-GAAP measure used by both analysts and management, as it provides insight on cash generated by operations, excluding capital expenditures, in order to better assess the Company’s long-term ability to pursue growth and investment opportunities. The Company discloses free cash flow yield which is free cash flow per share over the market share price and is useful to investors as a measurement of shareholder returns. The Company defines new orders as a contractual agreement between the Company and a third-party in which the Company will, or has the ability to, satisfy the performance obligations of the promised products or services under the terms of the agreement. The Company defines book-to-bill ratio as new orders divided by sales. The Company believes this is a useful metric to assess supply and demand, including order strength versus order fulfillment. The Company defines backlog as contractual commitments to customers for which the Company’s performance obligations have not been met, including with respect to new orders and contracts for which the Company has not begun any performance. Management utilizes new orders, book-to-bill ratio, and backlog to evaluate the health of the industries in which the Company operates, the Company’s current and future results of operations and financial prospects, and strategies for business development. The Company believes that new orders and backlog are useful to investors as supplemental metrics by which to measure the Company’s current performance and prospective results of operations and financial performance.

The Company has not reconciled the forward-looking adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, free cash flow, or organic revenue growth to the most directly comparable GAAP measure because this cannot be done without unreasonable effort due to the variability and low visibility with respect to certain costs, the most significant of which are acquisition and divestiture-related costs and impairment expense. These underlying expenses and others that may arise during the year are potential adjustments to future earnings. The Company expects the variability of these items to have a potentially unpredictable, and a potentially significant, impact on our future GAAP financial results.

Non-GAAP financial measures are not a substitute for GAAP financial results and should only be considered in conjunction with the Company’s financial information that is presented in accordance with GAAP. Quantitative reconciliations of EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, net debt, funding capacity, and adjustments to segment results to exclude portfolio actions and one-time adjustments made are included in this presentation.

Company Overview

"L.B. Foster Company has a rich history of innovation and customer service, and we are reinvigorated by the momentum building inside our business and the opportunity to grow shareholder value."

John Kasel
President and CEO



L.B. Foster Overview

Innovating to solve global infrastructure challenges

- > Founded in 1902, headquartered in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
- > Locations throughout **North America, South America, Europe, and Asia**
- > **18** principal plants, yards, and offices; **~1,050** employees worldwide²
- > Critical **infrastructure solutions provider** focused on growing our innovative, **technology**-based offerings to address our customers' most challenging operating and **safety** requirements

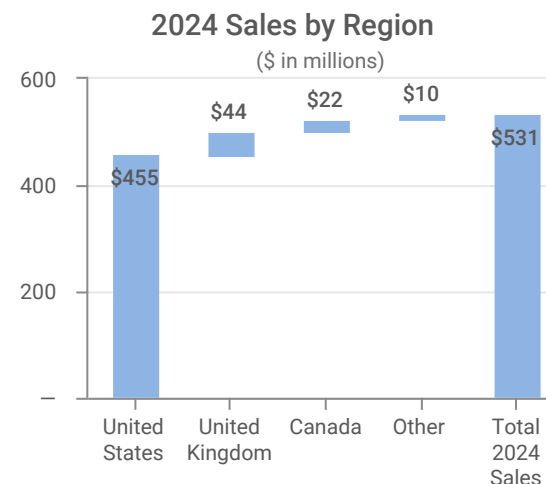
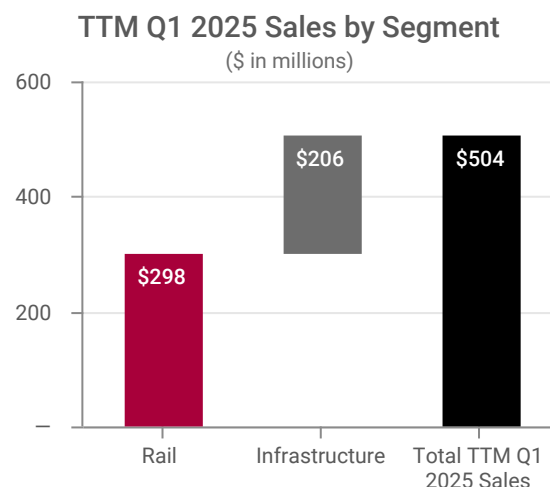
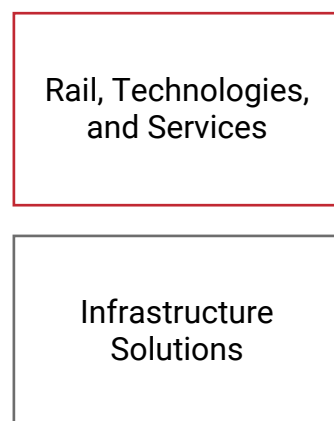
| 2025 Guidance ³ | Low | High |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
| Revenue | \$ 540 | \$ 580 |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ | \$ 42.0 | \$ 48.0 |
| Capex as a % of sales | ~2% | ~2% |
| Free cash flow ¹ | \$ 20 | \$ 30 |

| March 31, 2025 Financial Data ⁴ | |
|--|----------|
| Stock Price | \$ 18.78 |
| Shares Outstanding | 10.6 |
| Market Capitalization | \$ 199 |
| Debt | 82 |
| Cash | 3 |
| Enterprise Value ¹ | \$ 278 |

| | |
|------------------------------|--------|
| TTM Revenue | \$ 504 |
| TTM Adj. EBITDA ¹ | \$ 29 |
| EV / Revenue | 0.6 |
| EV / Adj. EBITDA | 9.4 |
| Covenant Leverage | 2.5x |

Data shown above in millions, except stock price and ratios.

Business Segments



Innovating to Solve Global Infrastructure Challenges

Maintaining Full Year Guidance, with Improving Sales and Profitability Expected in Q2

Financial Results 2021 v. 2024

| | 2021 | 2024 |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|
| Net sales | \$514M | \$531M |
| Gross margin | 16.8% | 22.2% |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ | \$19M | \$34M |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ % | 3.6% | 6.3% |
| Free cash flow ¹ | (\$5M) | \$13M |

2025 Financial Goals Established December 2021

| | Low | High |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|
| Net sales | \$580M | \$620M |
| Gross margin | 22.0% | 23.0% |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ | \$48M | \$52M |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ % | ~8.0% | |

2025 Financial Guidance

| | Low | High |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|
| Net sales | \$540M | \$580M |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ | \$42M | \$48M |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ % | 7.8% | 8.3% |
| Free cash flow ¹ | \$20M | \$30M |

1) Refer to safe harbor disclaimer slide and related reconciliations within the appendix regarding non-GAAP measures.

Proud Legacy, Well-Positioned for Growth



1902
 > Founded by Lee B. Foster as used rail resale company.

1973
 > Entered into an agreement with Nippon Steel to thread and finish oilfield pipe.

1999
 > Acquired CXT Inc., manufacturer of engineered precast and pre-stressed products used in rail and civil infrastructure.



2015
 > Acquired U.K.-based Tew Engineering and Tew Plus, widening offering of technology solutions.

2021
 > Refreshed strategy announced; changes to leadership team; **initiated transformation into technology-focused, high-growth, infrastructure solutions provider.**

1967
 > Opened Bedford, PA bridge component fabrication facility.



1981
 > L.B. Foster goes public, trading on the NASDAQ exchange (FSTR).

2010
 > Acquired Portec Rail Products, a rail technology company with established presence in UK.



2014 - 2015
 > Acquired several businesses in energy space; significantly reduced energy market exposure as part of strategic reassessment completed in 2021.

2021 - 2025
 > Completed nine portfolio actions (4 acquisitions / 5 divestitures/product line exits) improving growth and profitability profile in line with strategic roadmap.



Strategic Transformation Launched in 2021

Designed to Restore Purpose, Shareholder Value, and Confidence

FY 2015 to 2020

Deteriorating Profitability / Stock Price

- > Energy and related freight rail market downturn
- > Union Pacific lawsuit overhang
- > Covid pandemic impacts on demand
- > Extended Energy market infrastructure depression
- > Removal from Russell 2000 index in 2021
- > Overly complex business portfolio
- > Operating under financial stress and uncertainty

FY 2021 to 2025

Actions Taken to Restore Confidence

- > New Chairman and Board refreshment
- > New CEO / CFO appointed in 2021
- > Launched refreshed strategy; business transformation to drive shareholder value
- > Established growth platforms: Rail Technologies and Precast Concrete
- > Active portfolio management: Four acquisitions / five divestitures completed in ~2.5 years
- > Consistent growth and profitability expansion
- > Added back to Russell 2000 index in June 2024

Business Segments

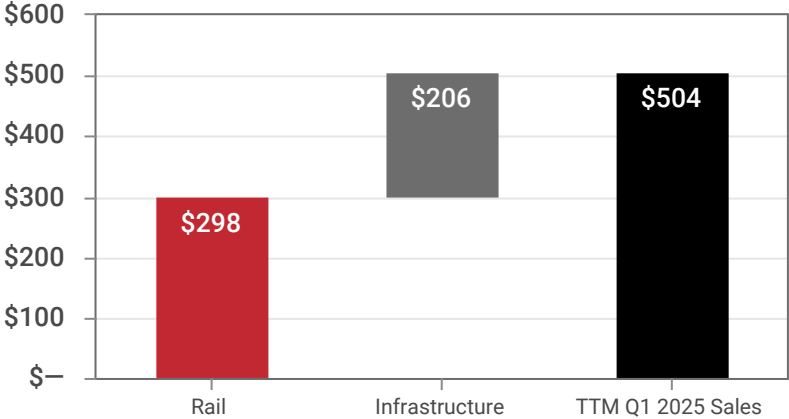
"Our business portfolio represents a steady, long-term infrastructure pure play with significant headroom for growth and an improving margin and profitability profile."

John Kasel
President and CEO

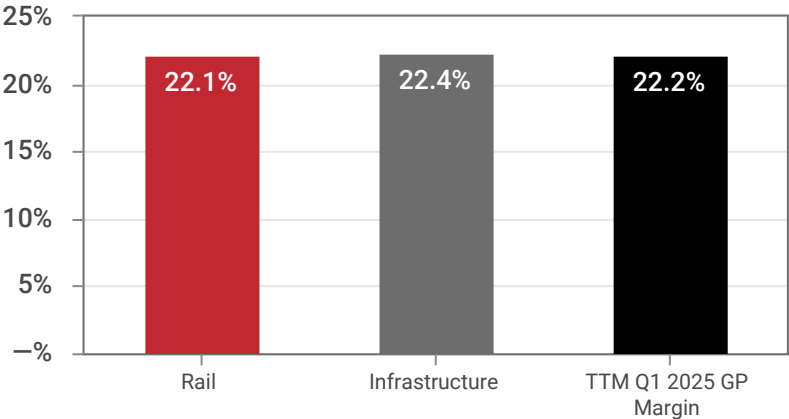


Business Segment Profile

TTM Q1 2025 Net Sales by Segment
\$ in millions



TTM Q1 2025 Gross Profit Margins



Rail, Technologies, and Services

- Offering:**
- > Rail products / technology-based solutions improving safety / efficiency
 - > North American focus with UK / Western Europe presence
- Strategic Emphasis:**
- > Growth via mobile solutions, new geographies, and focus on technology
 - > Focus on rail safety and U.S. infrastructure spend to support long-term domestic growth




Infrastructure Solutions

- Offering:**
- > Proprietary precast products to support North American civil infrastructure
 - > Bridge, protective pipeline coatings, and water well products and services
- Strategic Emphasis:**
- > Precast expansion into adjacent markets, applications, and geographies
 - > Optimize cash generation, maintain competitive position to fund growth




Rail, Technologies, and Services - Overview

Offering Supports the Safety, Reliability, and Efficiency of Global Rail Markets



Rail Products

- > Returns platform business
- > Products for rail track infrastructure
- > Legacy L.B. Foster businesses; demonstrated stable, strong cash generation, project-based seasonality



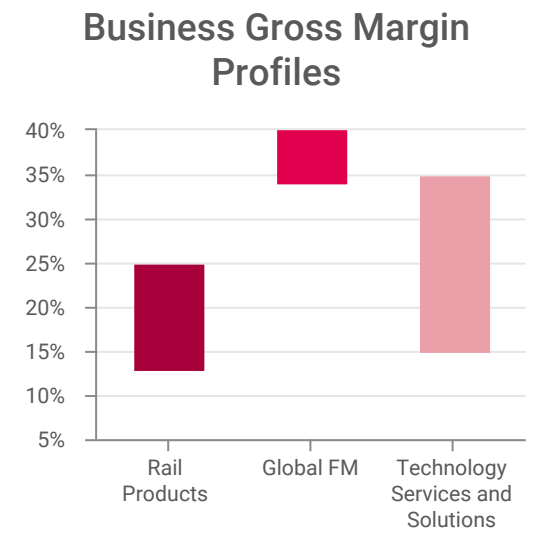
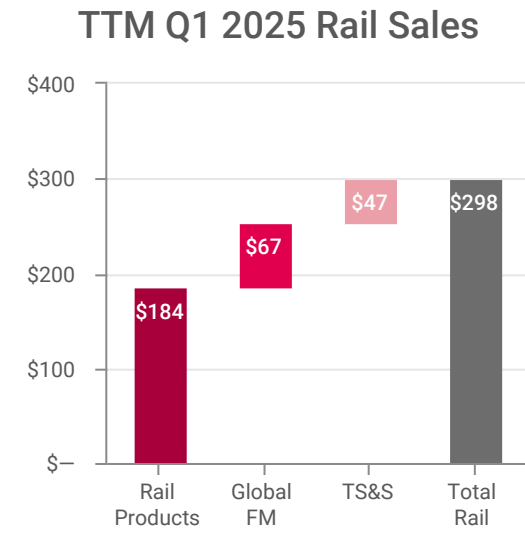
Global Friction Management

- > Solutions and services to enhance rail safety and efficiency
- > Growth platform with above-average margins

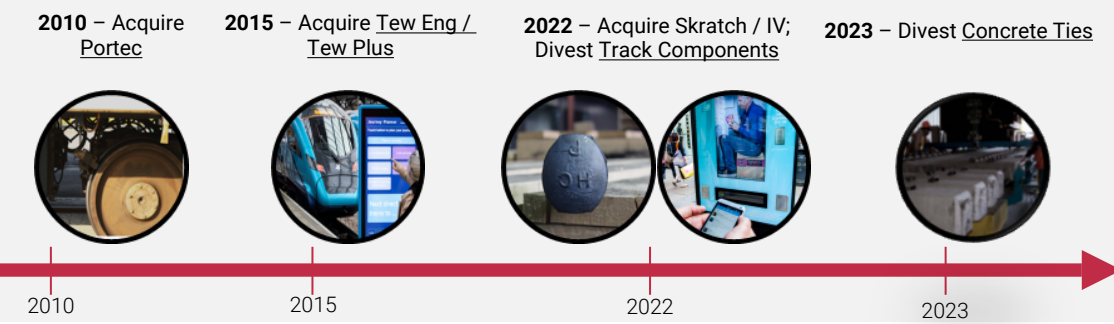


Technology Services and Solutions

- > Total track monitoring a growth platform business with offerings for safety and efficiency
- > Service and technology solution business for transportation and construction
- > UK TS&S moved to returns-based strategy business



Rail Segment M&A Activity



Rail, Technologies, and Services - Advantages

Continuing Focus on Technology Innovation Driving Improved Margins

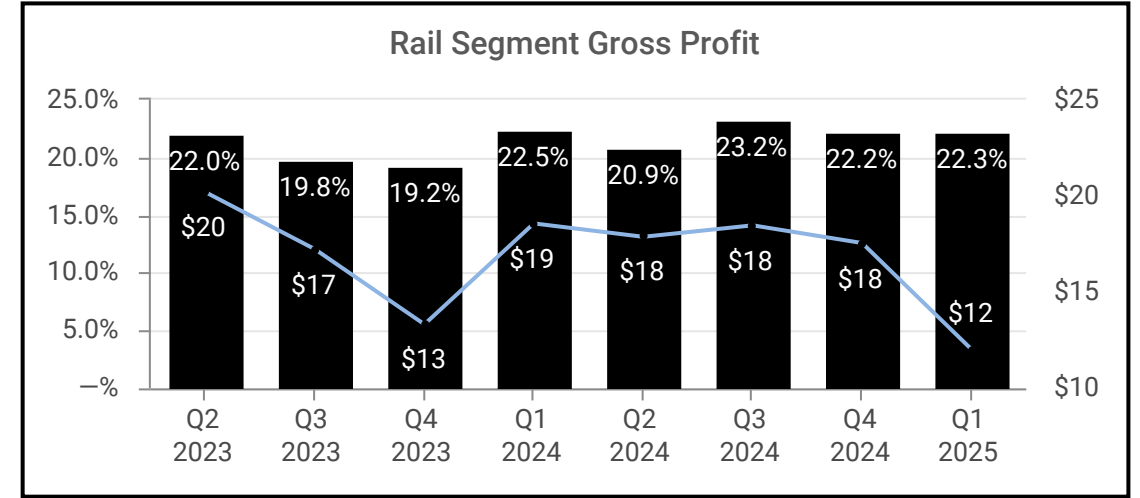
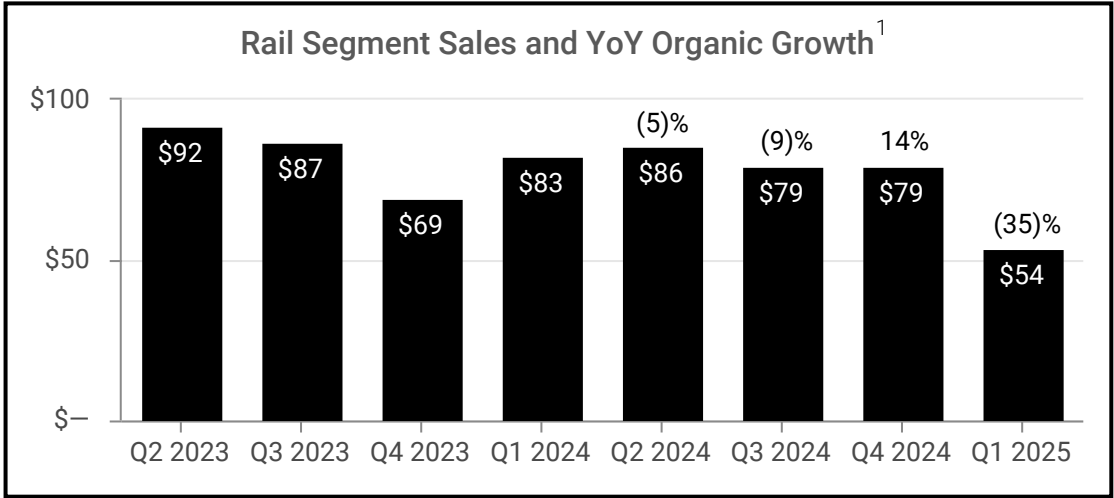
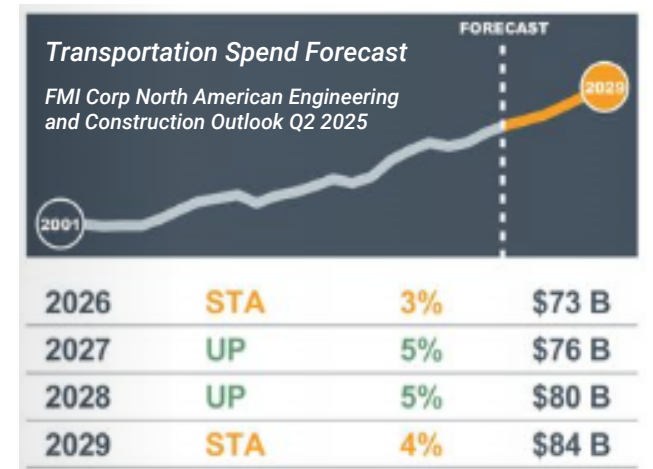
FRA Safety Advisory 2023
Focus on rail safety/efficiency

\$3.9B+
2022-2024 CRISI grants funding for rail infrastructure

5.9%
TTM Q1 2025 sales growth in growth platforms

Why Now?

- > Market-leading positions in technology-oriented products
- > Infrastructure investment super cycle
- > Increased focus on safety-enabling products / services and increased demand for fuel-saving products / services
- > Helping customers to meet ESG and safety goals



Rail Products Overview

Well-Established Business with Strong Cash Generation and Capital-Light Business Model

Transit Products



Fasteners, rail and track systems

Rail Distribution



Industrial and transit applications

Allegheny Rail Products

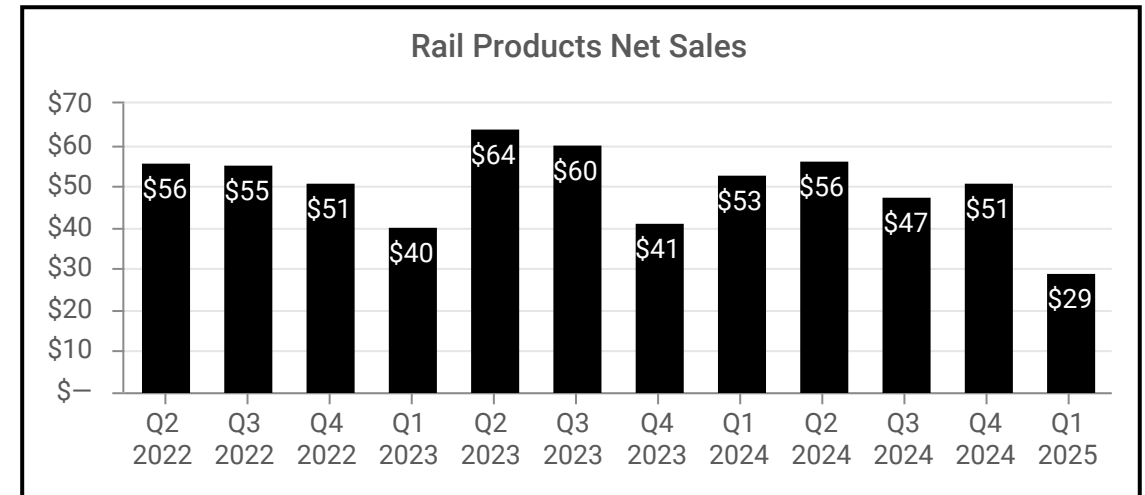


Insulated rail joints and accessories

\$1.2B

Consolidated Rail Infrastructure & Safety Improvement Grant funding made available in 2024*

- > Returns-based strategy and the largest component of segment today (62% of sales¹)
- > Capital light model drives strong economic returns
- > Rail Distribution business largest component (~70%)
- > Rail Distribution quarterly results dependent on project seasonality; steady replacement demand




*Data from <https://railroads.dot.gov/grants-loans/consolidated-rail-infrastructure-and-safety-improvements-crisi-program>
 1) Calculated using Q1 2025 TTM sales for Rail Products and Rail, Technologies, and Services.

Global Friction Management Overview

Global Platform Well-Positioned for Growth with Application Innovation

Trackside Equipment



Applies friction modifiers

Consumables




Top-of-rail friction modifiers

Field Services



Equipment service and maintenance

On-Board Solutions



Proprietary solid stick friction modifiers

- > Growth platform as a technology-focused business...higher margin profile
- > Razor / razor-blade business model with services
- > Services component should benefit from growth and improved margins
- > Significant future global growth opportunity
- > Helps address fuel and safety issues for railroads
- > Opportunity for increasing customer adoption with focus on operating ratios and derailment impacts

5% Percent NA rail network currently utilizing friction management technology

#1 L.B. Foster holds the leading position in the market

Technology Services and Solutions Overview

Technology Solutions and Services to Enhance Safety, Operational Efficiency, and Customer Experience

Returns Platforms



Control and Display



Fixed and mobile displays for customer information and disruption management

Contract Services



Building and technology management for rail, airports, and construction

Growth Platforms



Condition Monitoring



Wayside technology to detect rockfall, flood, and other dangerous conditions

WILD



Measures impact imparted onto rail; greatly reduces risk of train derailment

- > Project-based work, well-respected partner in the market
- > Opportunity to expand reach in Europe and beyond
- > Strategic business pivot to focus on higher-margin technology / maintenance-oriented products and services
- > Cautious path forward given challenging UK commercial construction market

- > Condition monitoring solutions support rail safety and network efficiency initiatives
- > Focus on improving railroad operating ratios
- > Project work as well as recurring maintenance needs
- > Increasing demand for Wheel Impact Load Detector (WILD) product line to help reduce risk of train derailments

Infrastructure Solutions Overview

Deploying Advanced Technologies that Positively Impact the Built Environment



Precast Concrete Products

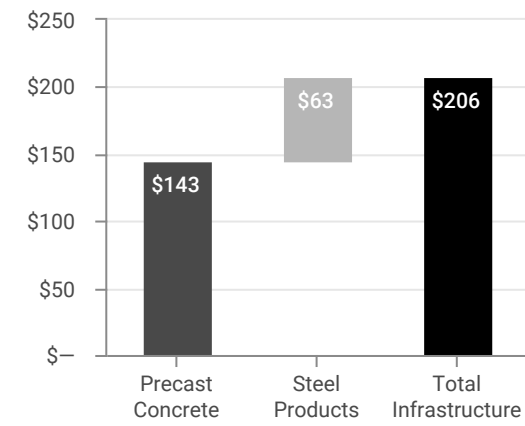
- > Growth platform with multiple avenues available
- > Turnkey concrete buildings, manufactured offsite and delivered to site for quick installation
- > Other precast products, supporting commercial and residential infrastructure via proprietary technologies
- > Secured licenses and proprietary technologies including Envirocast, Envirokeeper, and Redi-Rock
- > Exploring opportunities to access growing areas of U.S. market with a capital efficient model



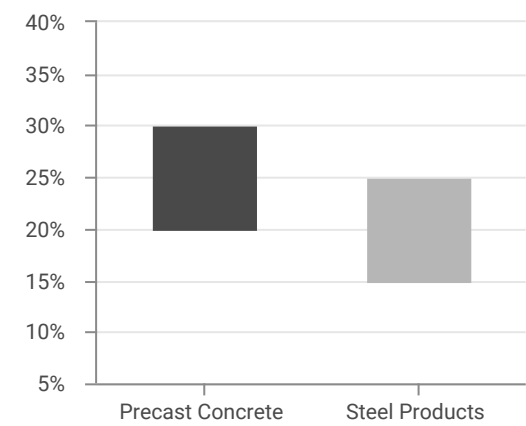
Steel Products

- > Custom engineered solutions and services for critical civil and energy infrastructure
- > Leading share position in stable and mature niche markets
- > Returns-based strategy
- > Generate cash to fund higher growth / higher-margin opportunities in precast market
- > Tailwinds from domestic energy and water infrastructure spending

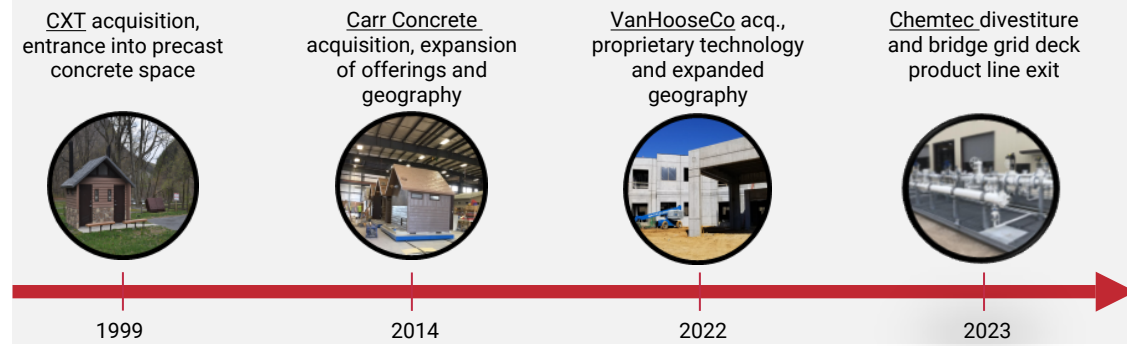
TTM Q1 2025 Infrastructure Sales



Business Gross Margin Profiles



Infrastructure Solutions M&A Activity



Infrastructure Solutions - Advantages

Continuing Focus on Technology Innovation Driving Improved Margins

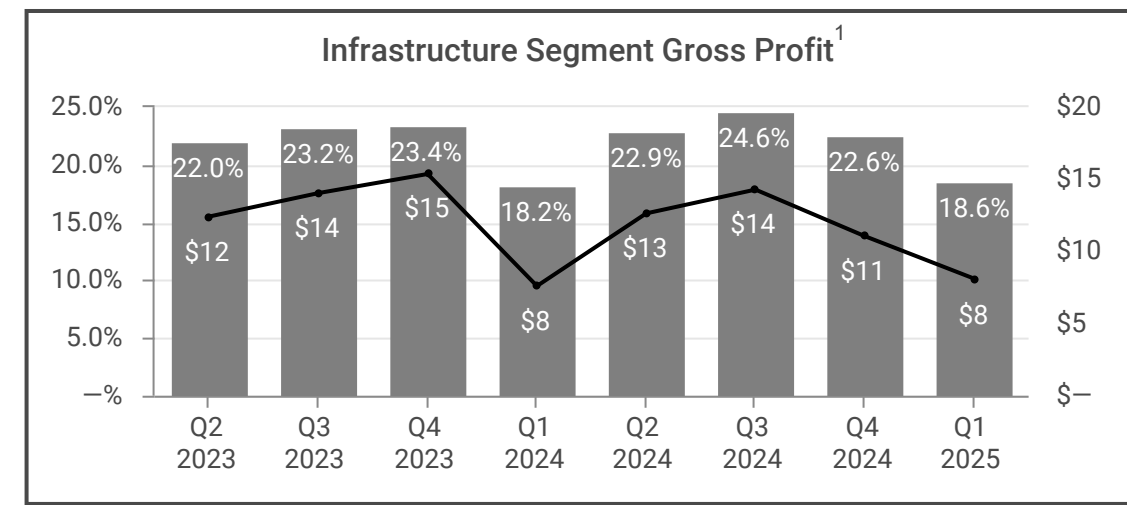
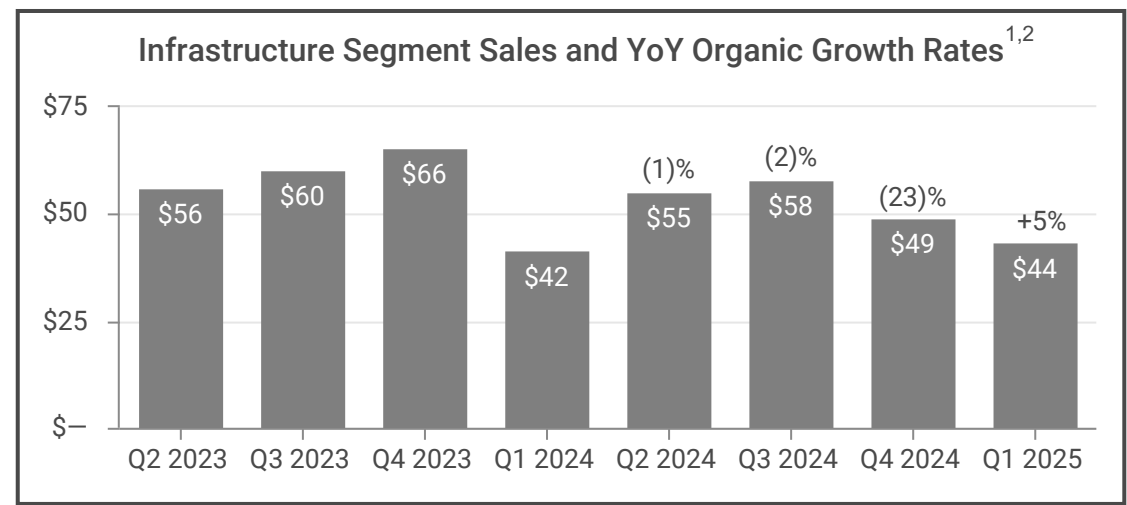
~\$191B
Funding needs for bridge rehabilitation in the U.S.

~\$23.3B
Deferred maintenance projects in national parks

7.4%
TTM Q1 2025 sales growth in growth platforms

Why Now?

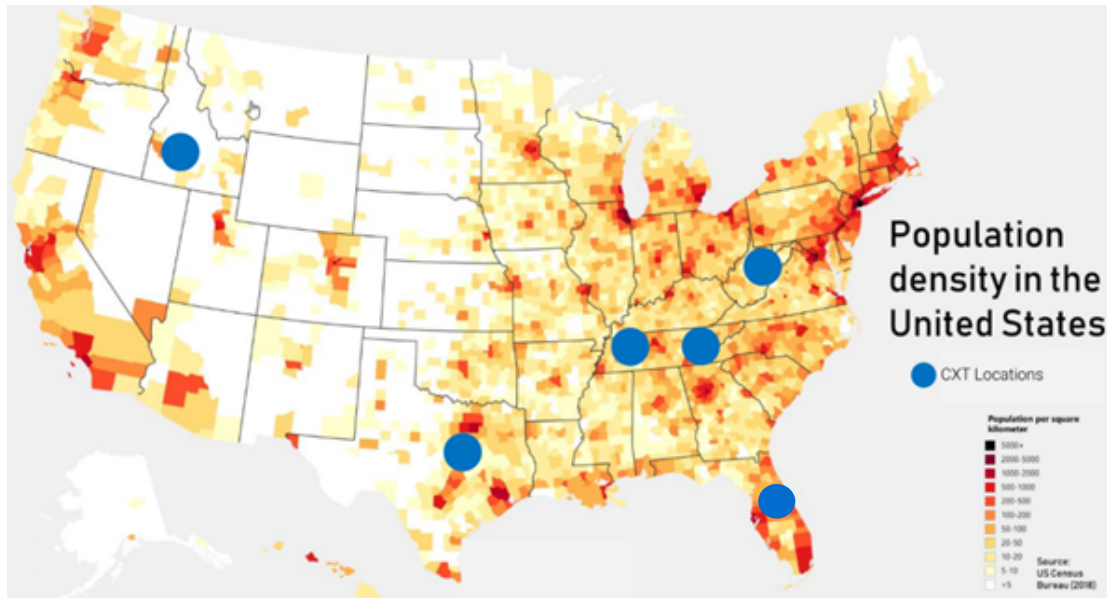
- > Recognizable offering with compelling value proposition and a leading position in niche markets
- > Great American Outdoors Act provides funding for parks construction spending which has reached peak levels
- > Energy and water infrastructure investment super cycle including bridge investments and adjacent pipeline projects
- > New products and geographies generate synergies that drive margin growth



\$ in millions unless otherwise indicated. Figures may not foot due to rounding.
 1) Sales and gross profit adjusted for the non-routine impact of bridge grid deck exit in Q3 2023.
 2) Refer to safe harbor disclaimer slide and related reconciliations within the appendix regarding non-GAAP measures.
 Statistics sourced from the American Society of Civil Engineers - America's Infrastructure Report Card 2025.

Precast Concrete Products Overview

Supports General Infrastructure with Expanding Geographic Reach and Well-Recognized Brands



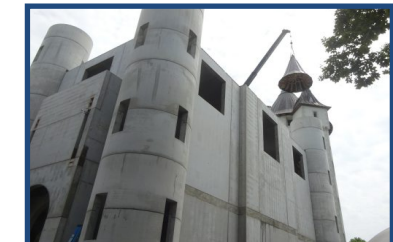
CXT Buildings

Concrete restroom, concession, multi-functional buildings



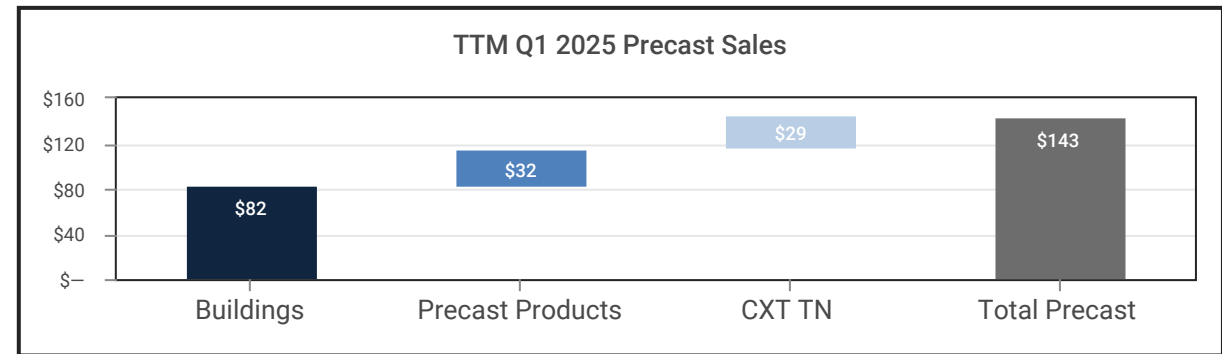
Precast Products

Box culverts, irrigation canals, bridge beams and highway wall panels



CXT TN

Proprietary licensed technology for precast walls and systems



L.B. Foster Precast Facilities

- > Boise, ID/Caldwell, ID
- > Waverly, WV
- > Knoxville, TN
- > Nashville, TN
- > Hillsboro, TX (Dallas area)
- > Lake County, Florida

- > Access to high growth southern regions of the United States
- > Significant freight costs; our expansive presence is a competitive advantage
- > Serving steady, government-funded projects and robust residential / commercial markets
- > Tuck-in acquisitions such as 2023 Cougar Mountain, LLC to further expand geographic reach and product line

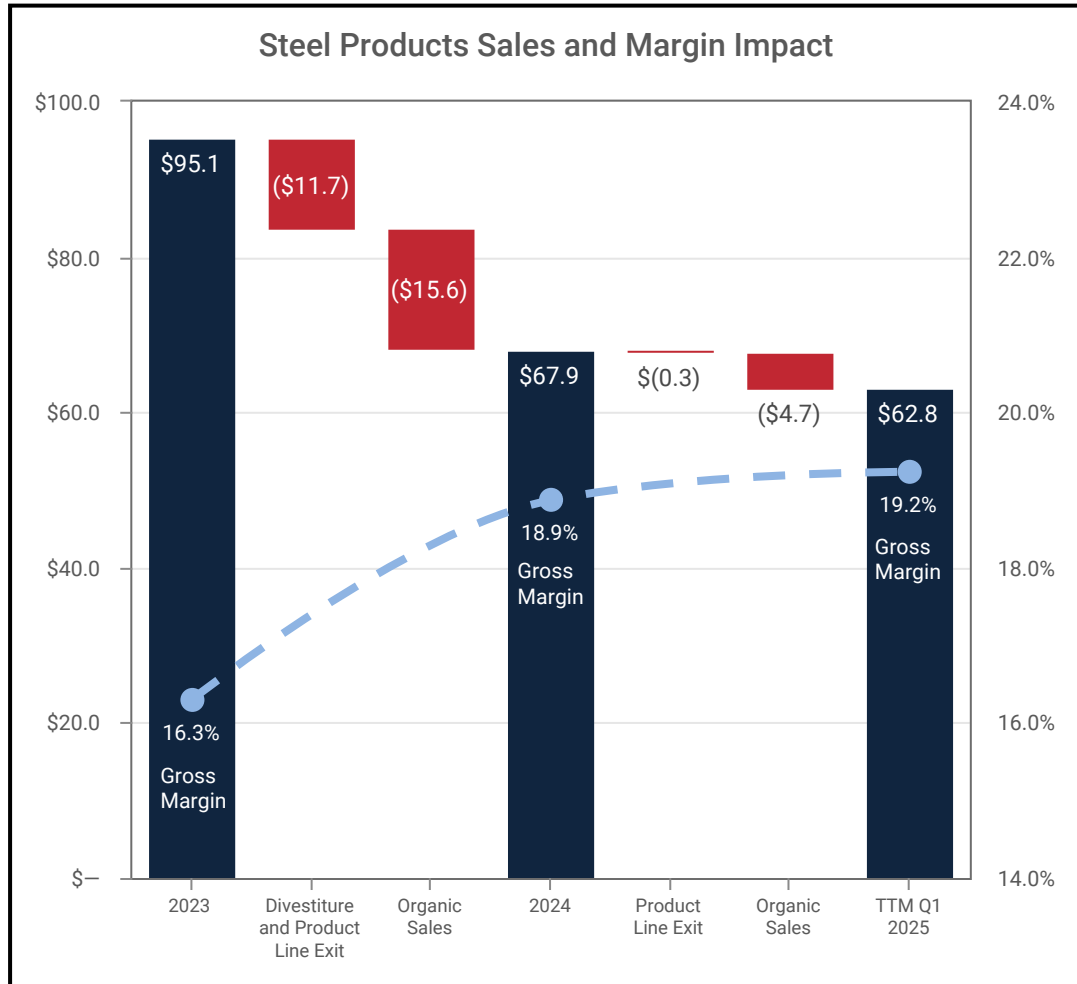
+13% Southeast U.S. non-residential project starts LTM March 2025 vs 2024

+16% U.S. infrastructure construction project starts LTM March 2025 vs 2024

Steel Products Overview



Profitability Expansion Driving Cash Generation to Fund Growth Platforms



Bridge Forms

Special design and quick installation processes



Protective Coatings

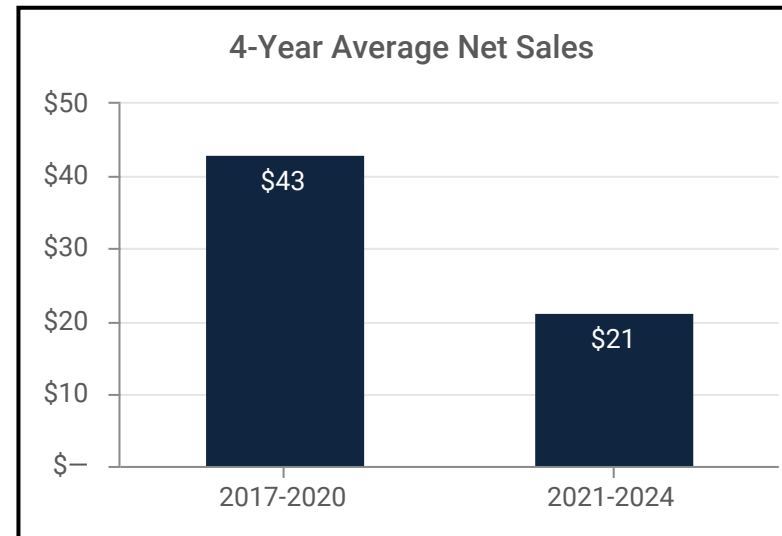
Custom protective bond epoxy coating of line pipe



Threading

Water well casing pipe for wells

Protective Coatings



Renewed interest in domestic energy expected to improve pipeline coating sales outlook for 2025

Growth & Returns Platforms Established

Business Portfolio Purposefully Constructed to Fund and Drive Growth

Growth Platforms



Platform for driving growth, profitability, and ROIC with improving demand from infrastructure spend, safety focus and fuel efficiency

Global Friction Management

Rail friction management products and application systems

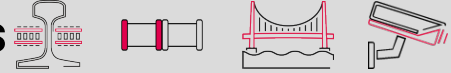
Total Track Monitoring

Railroad network safety condition monitoring systems

Precast Concrete Products

Precast concrete products, wall systems and buildings

Returns Platforms



Platform optimized for cash generation to fund organic and inorganic growth initiatives in Growth platform

Rail Products

Rail track distribution with value-added solutions for freight and transit railroad customers

UK Technology Services and Solutions

Technology-based products and contract service solutions for the UK Rail market

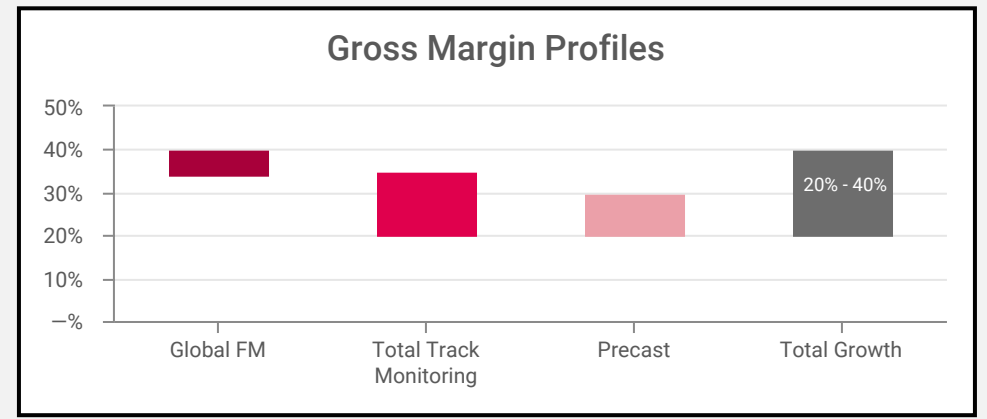
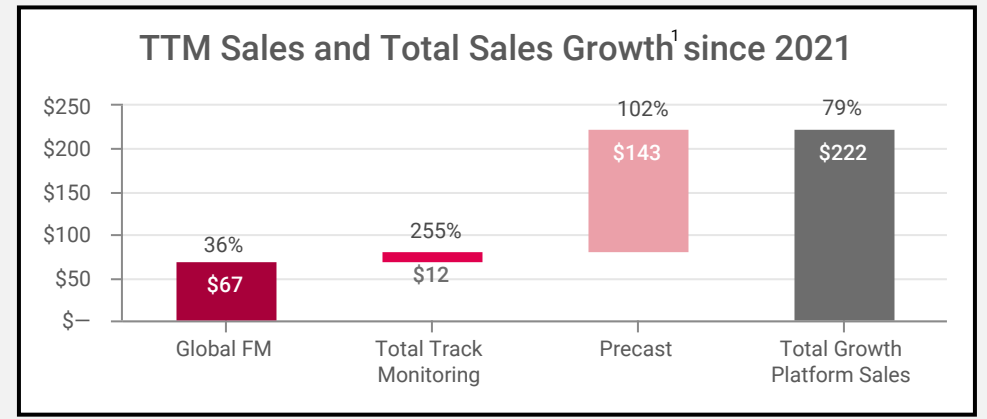
Steel Products

Engineered solutions for infrastructure applications

Growth & Returns Platform Profiles

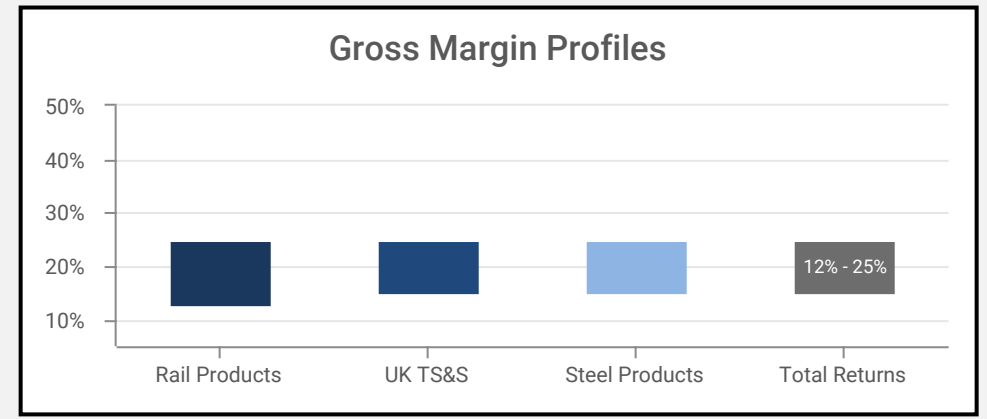
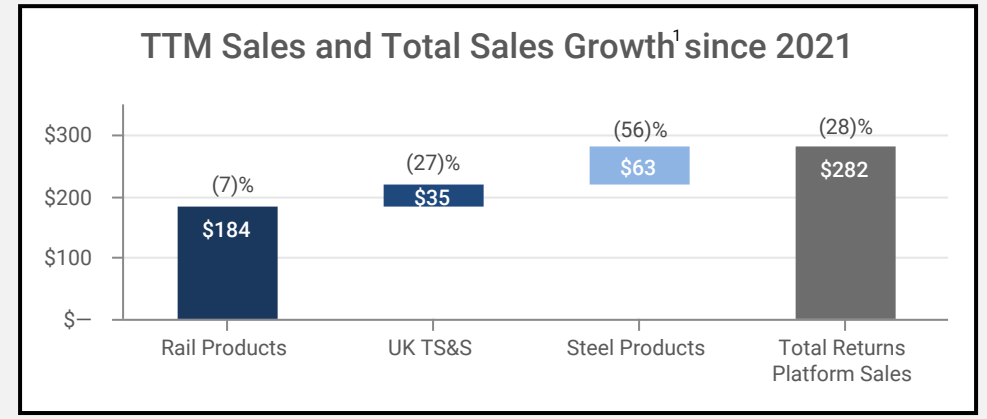
Growth Platforms

Platform for driving growth, profitability, and ROIC with improving demand from infrastructure spend, safety focus and fuel efficiency initiatives



Returns Platforms

Platform to be optimized for cash generation to fund organic and inorganic growth initiatives in Growth platform



Financial Review

"The favorable impact of our strategic execution is evident from the positive momentum in our results."

Bill Thalman
Executive Vice President and CFO



Executive Summary – Quarter Highlights

What we've accomplished...

Where we're going...

Net sales of \$97.8M down 21.3% YoY due to softness in Rail Distribution; Infrastructure net sales up 5.0% YoY

Gross profit of \$20.2M, down \$6.0M, 23.0% YoY; gross margins of 20.6% down 50 bps YoY

Net loss down 148.1% YoY; Adjusted EBITDA down \$4.1M, 69.3% YoY

Net debt¹ up \$4.9M YoY to \$79.9M in line with typical seasonal patterns; Gross Leverage Ratio^{1,2} of 2.5x up 0.3x YoY

Repurchased 168,911 shares of common stock for \$4.3M or ~1.5% of outstanding shares

New orders¹ of \$149.1M; up 12.6% YoY and up 39.1% sequentially; Q1 TTM book-to-bill ratio¹ improved to 1.04 : 1.00

Backlog¹ at \$237.2M; up 6.7% YoY and up 27.6% sequentially with improved profitability mix

2025 Guidance Reaffirmed

Net Sales
\$540M - \$580M

Adjusted EBITDA¹
\$42M - \$48M

Free Cash Flow¹
\$20M - \$30M

Cap Ex % of Sales
~2.0%

Strong Order Book Should Translate to Sales Growth / Profitability Expansion as Early as the Second Quarter

Strategic Transformation Complete

Divestitures

Lower Margin Profiles – Energy-Focused / Commoditized Businesses

2021 – Piling Products - Commoditized, working-capital intensive business

2022 – Track Components - Canadian rail spikes and anchors business

2023 – Chemtec Energy Services - EBITDA-neutral energy business

2023 – Concrete Railroad Ties - Commoditized EBITDA-neutral business

2023 – Bridge grid deck product line exit- Dated technology with low margins

Acquisitions

Higher Margin Profiles – Rail Technologies and Precast Concrete

2022 – Skcratch and Intelligent Video (IV)

> U.K.-based digital display solutions company and safety solution company

2022 - VanHooseCo

> Precast company headquartered in Tennessee

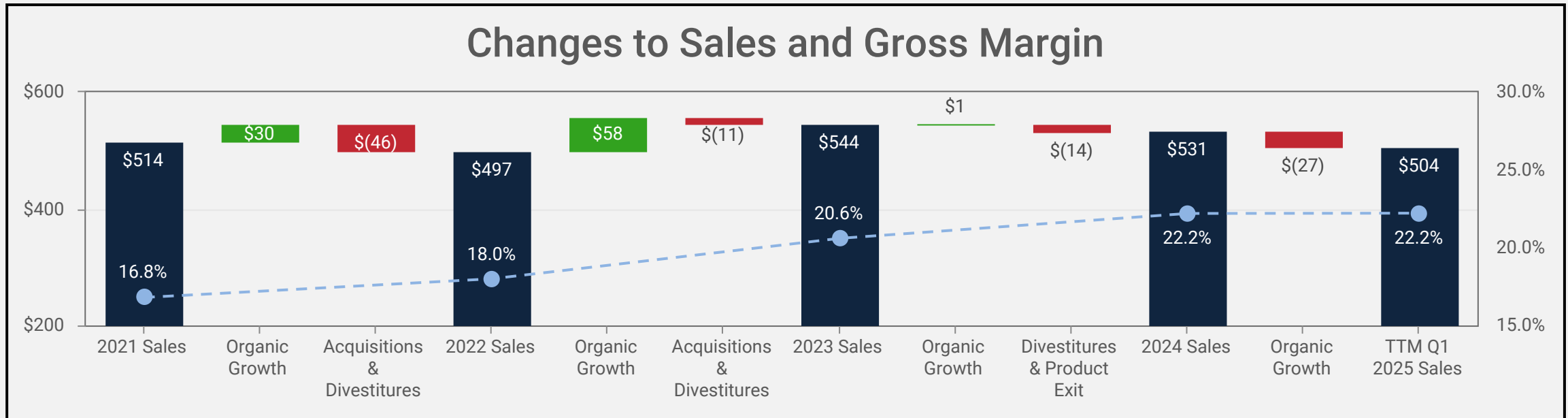
> New technologies allow for margin expansion / application across existing portfolio

> Expanded geographic reach in 2025 with new facility in FL

2023 - Cougar Mountain

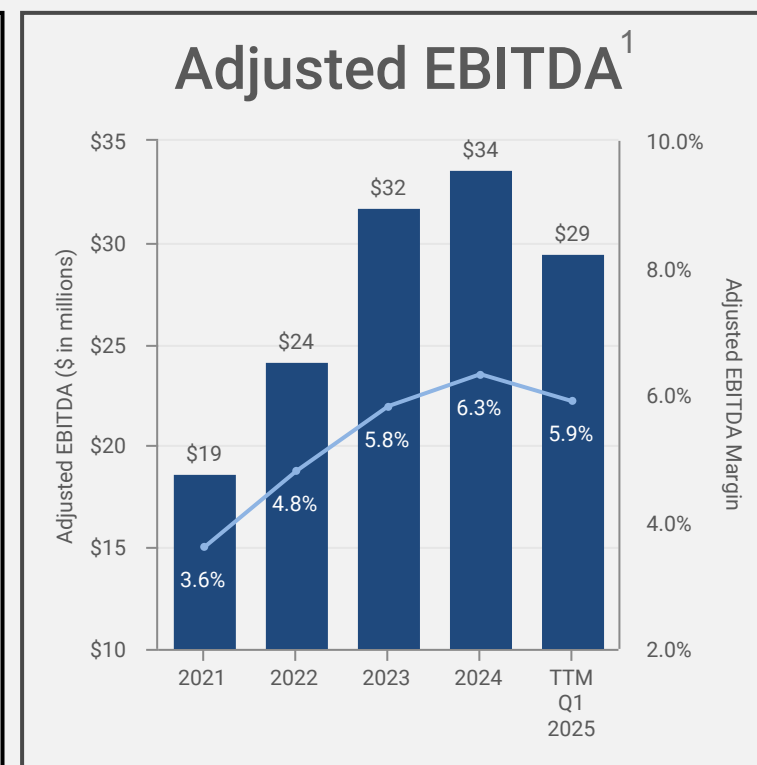
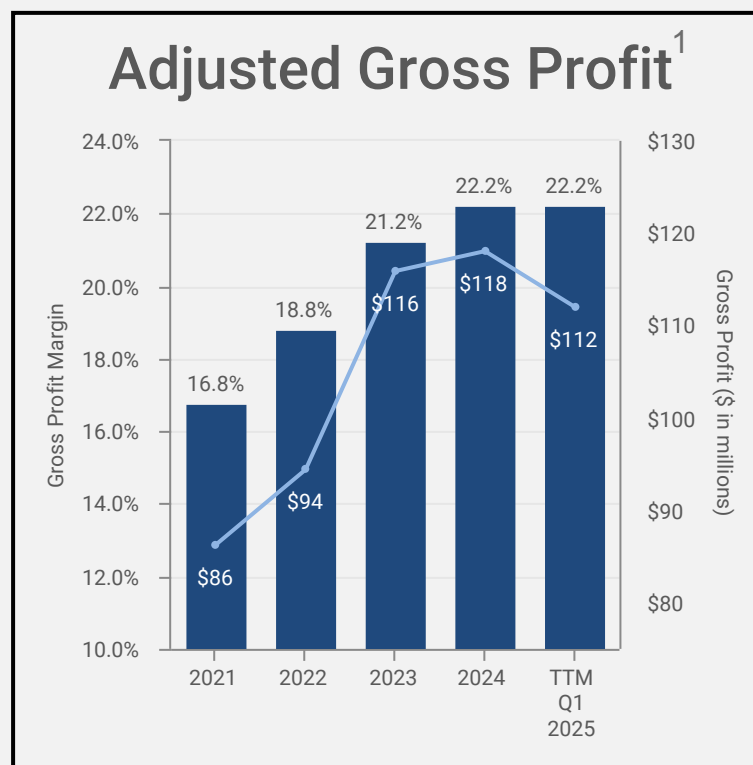
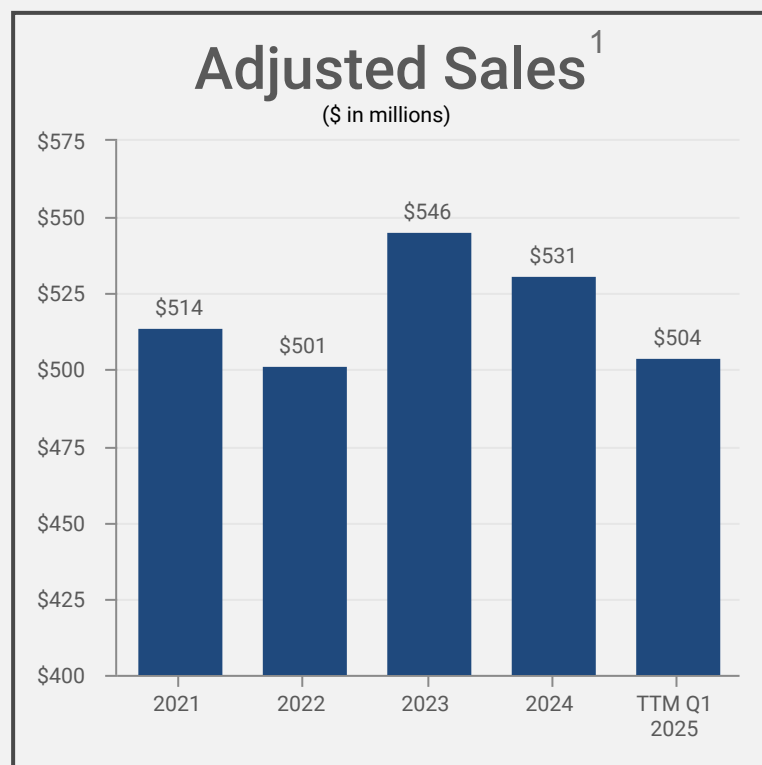
> Tuck-in precast acquisition integrated into existing Boise operations

Changes to Sales and Gross Margin



Key Metrics: 2021 – TTM Q1 2025

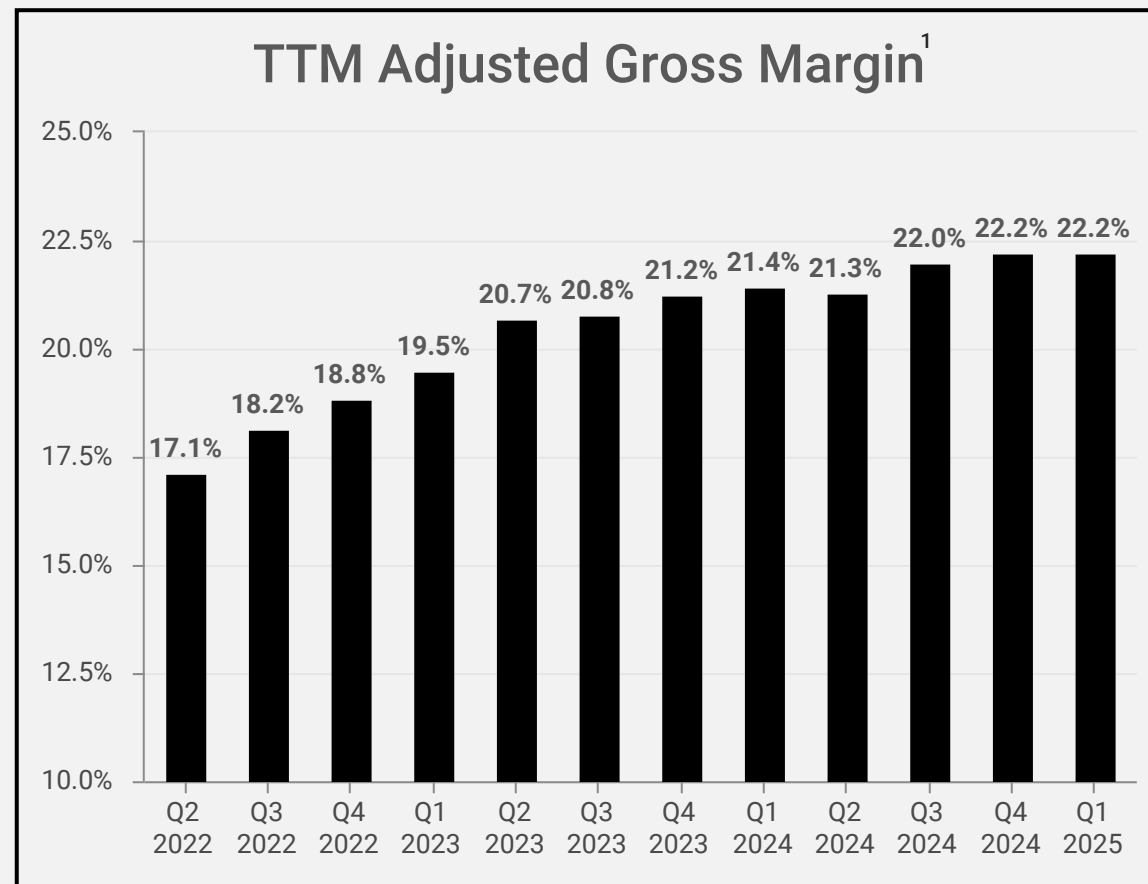
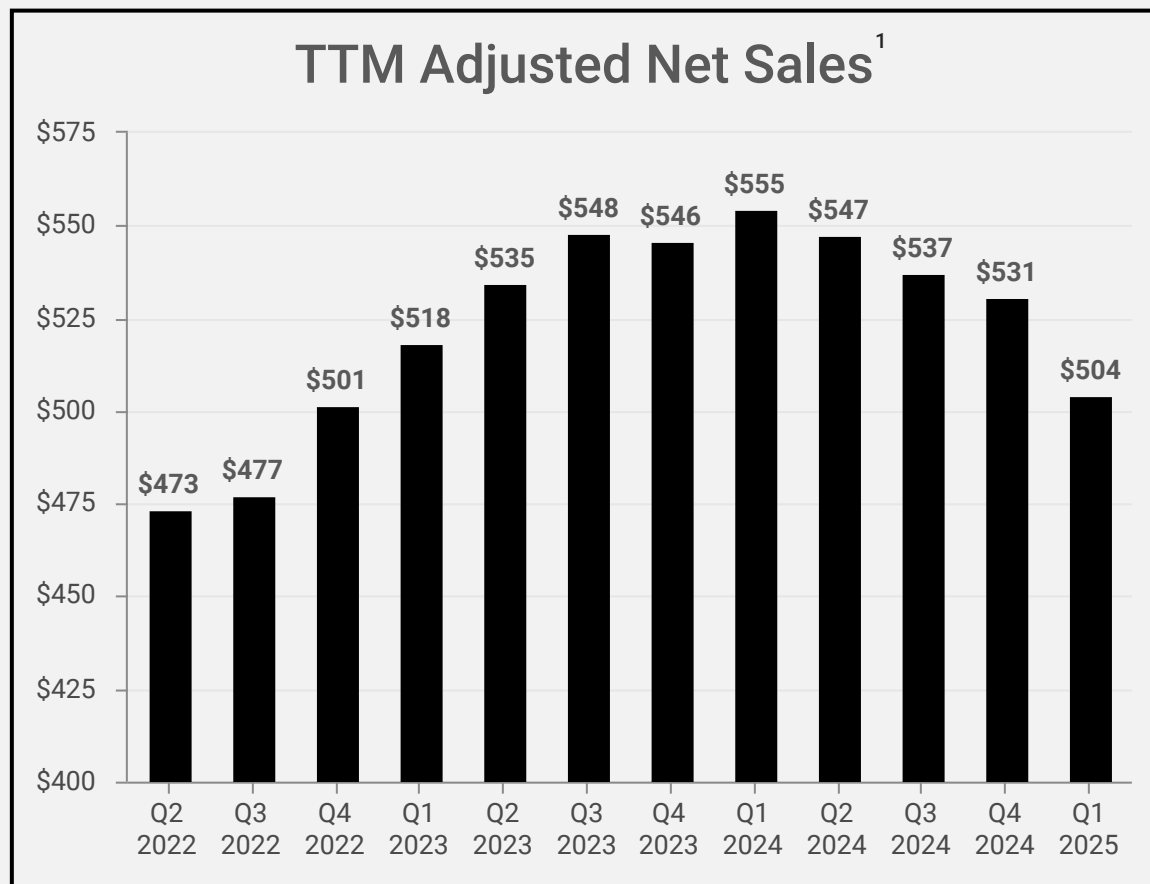
Structural Improvement in Business Portfolio Driving Gross / EBITDA Margin¹ Expansion



- > Scalable core businesses in robust markets with headroom for growth
- > Sale of commodity businesses, accretive acquisitions and organic growth transforms portfolio margin profile

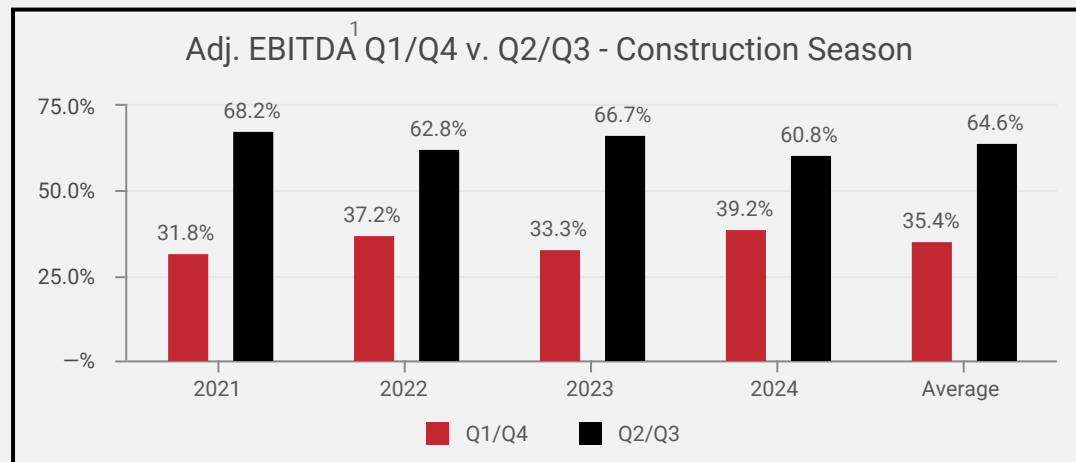
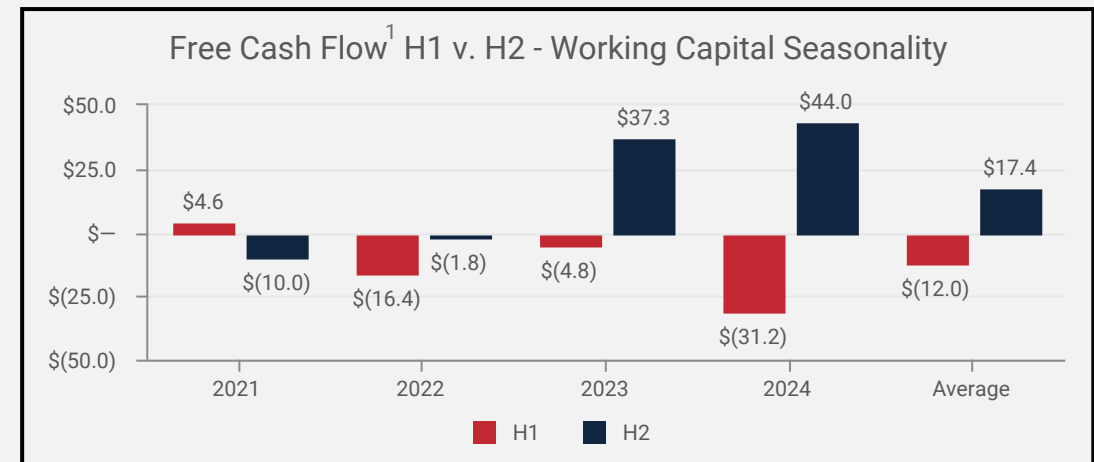
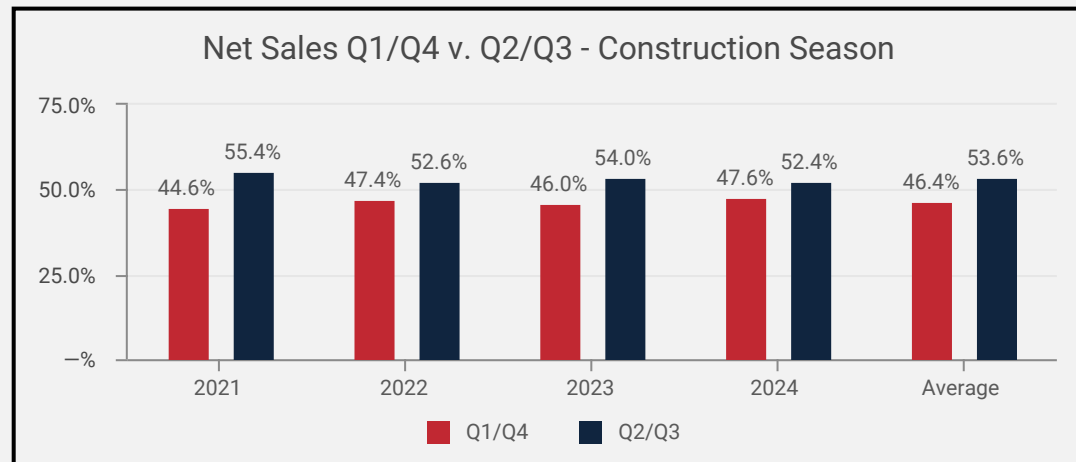
Sales and Gross Margin Trend

Improved Growth and Profitability Profile of the Business Portfolio



Seasonality of Financial Performance

Financial Performance Aligns with Construction Season and Working Capital Cycles

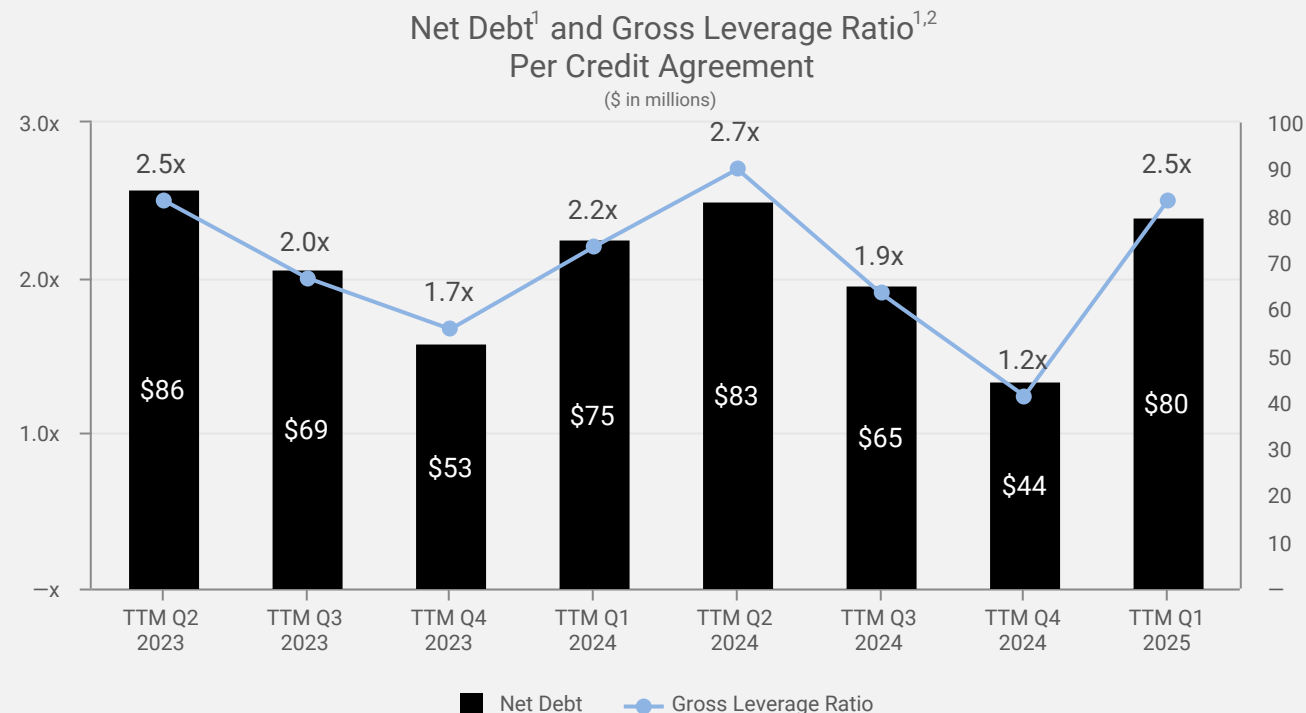


- > Net sales and Adjusted EBITDA¹ based on construction season cycles (normal peak levels in Q2/Q3)
- > Free cash flow¹ generation strongest in second half of year due to seasonal working capital needs
- > Net sales, Adjusted EBITDA¹ and free cash flow¹ pattern expected to continue into 2025

Net Debt¹, Leverage, and Capital Allocation

Net Debt¹ and Gross Leverage Ratio^{1,2} Following Normal Seasonal Patterns

- > First quarter net debt¹ and Gross Leverage Ratio^{1,2} elevated sequentially due to seasonal working capital needs and annual incentive / insurance funding
- > Demonstrated history of diligent debt and leverage management over time...targeting ~1.0x to ~2.0x
- > Capital-light business model with significant free cash flow¹ drivers (~\$31M 2023/2024 avg ex UP payments)
- > ~\$93M in federal NOLs should minimize taxes for the foreseeable future
- > New \$40M share repurchase program expiring Feb 2028 (\$38.8M remaining); 603,421 shares repurchased since Feb 2023 (5.5% of o/s shares)



March 31, 2025
Key Metrics

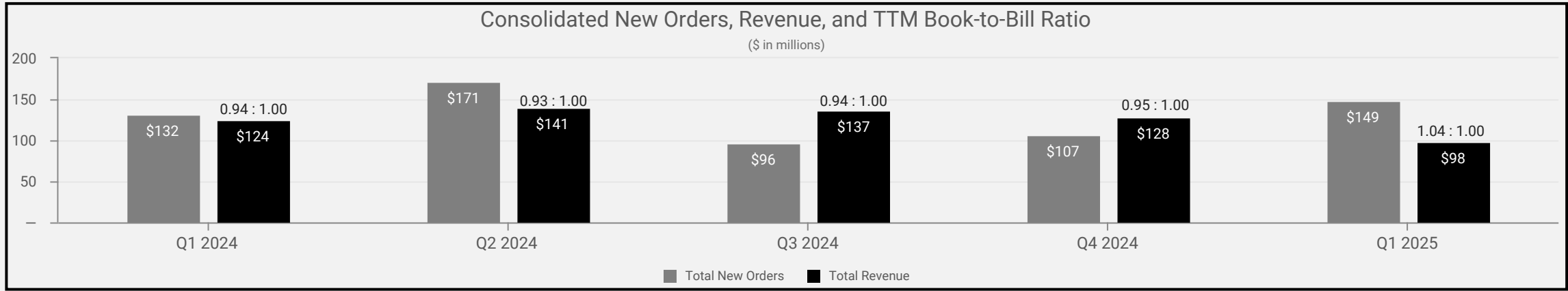
2.5x
Gross Leverage Ratio^{1,2}

\$49.8M
Funding Capacity^{1,3}

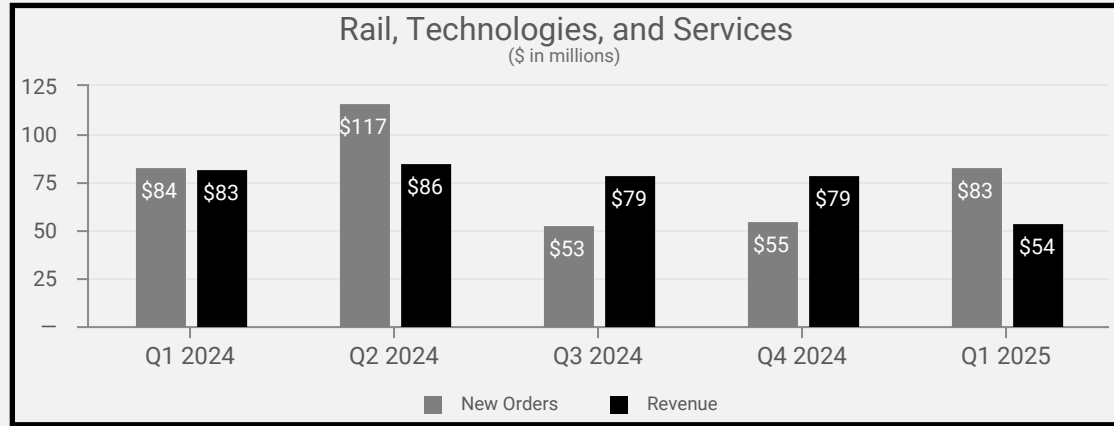
\$26.1M
YTD Operating Cash Use

\$2.6M
YTD Capital Spending

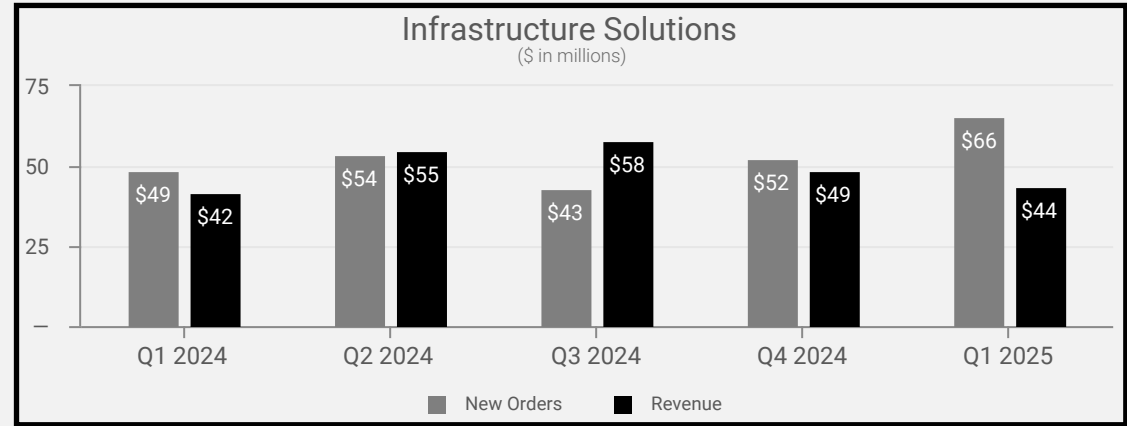
New Orders¹, Revenue, and Book-to-Bill Ratios¹



TTM Q1 2025 Book-to-Bill Ratio: 1.04 : 1.00



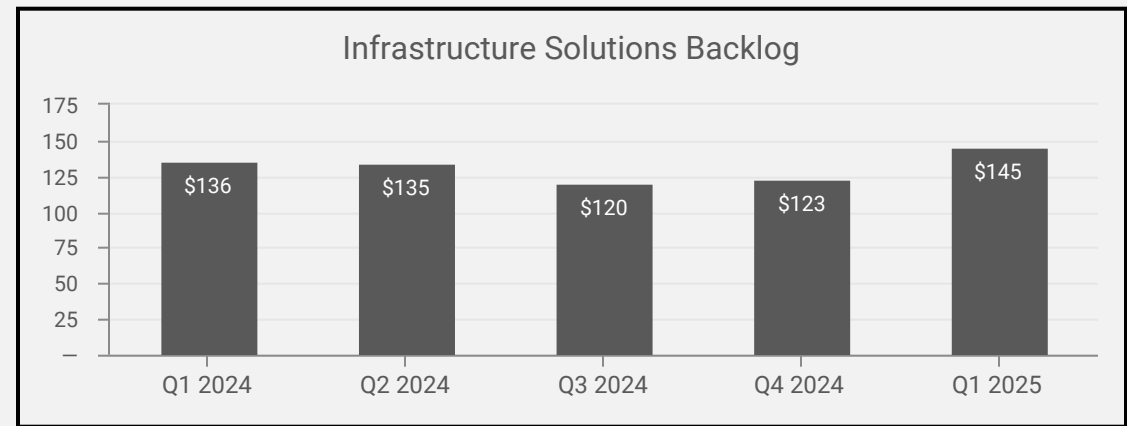
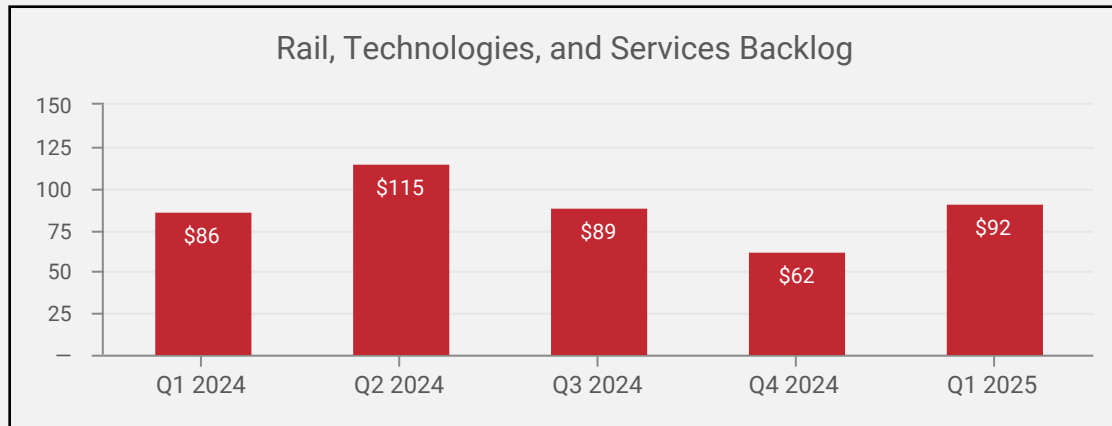
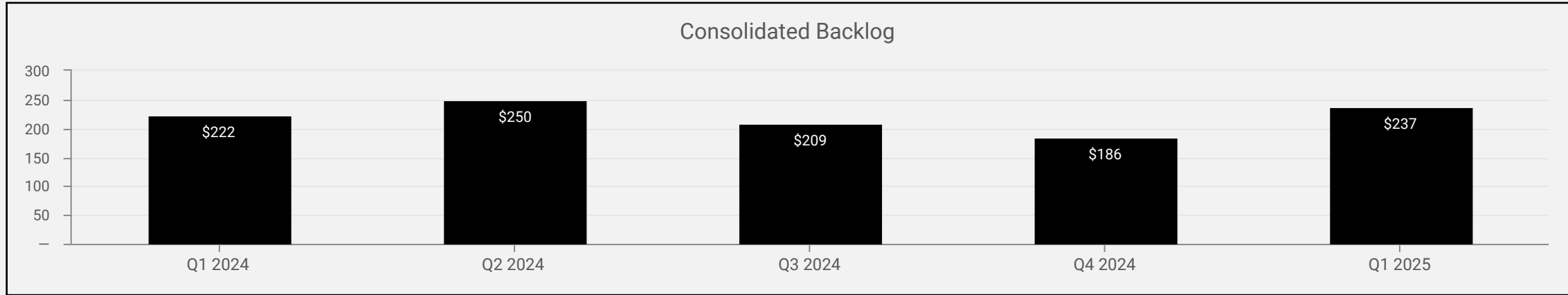
TTM Q1 2025 Book-to-Bill Ratio: 1.03 : 1.00



TTM Q1 2025 Book-to-Bill Ratio: 1.05 : 1.00

¹) Refer to safe harbor disclaimer slide and related reconciliations within the appendix regarding non-GAAP measures. Note figures may not foot due to rounding.

Backlog¹ Trends



Increased Backlog with Favorable Profitability Mix Should Translate into Improving Results in Q2

Attractive Valuation and FCF Yield¹

Attractive Valuation and Free Cash Flow Yield¹ Based on 2025 Outlook

- > Improved trading volume with Russell 2000 addition
- > Attractive EBITDA valuation based on 2025 projections
- > 2025 FCF¹ Goal: \$20M to \$30M...improving profitability outlook and no Union Pacific payments
- > 2025 FCF Yield¹: 10% to 15% at current stock price

| Trading Volume Growth | Q1 2024 | Q1 2025 | Increase |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| Average Daily Volume | 40,585 | 41,606 | 1,021 |

| Free Cash Flow ¹ | 2025 Goals | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|
| | Low | High |
| Free Cash Flow Guidance | \$ 20.0 | \$ 30.0 |
| Free Cash Flow Yield ^{1,3} | 10 % | 15 % |

| Company Valuation | 2024 | 2025 Guidance (As of March 4, 2025) | | |
|--|----------|--|----------|----------|
| | | Low | Mid | High |
| Revenue | \$ 530.8 | \$ 540.0 | \$ 560.0 | \$ 580.0 |
| Organic revenue growth | | 1.7 % | 5.5 % | 9.3 % |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ | \$ 33.6 | \$ 42.0 | \$ 45.0 | \$ 48.0 |
| Adj. EBITDA growth | | 25.1 % | 34.0 % | 43.0 % |
| Adj. EBITDA Margin ¹ | 6.3 % | 7.8 % | 8.0 % | 8.3 % |
| Enterprise Value (12/31/24) ^{1,2} | \$ 339.6 | | | |
| Enterprise Value (Est. as of 12/31/25) ^{1,3,4} | | | \$253.2 | |
| EV/Adj. EBITDA (12/31/24 vs.12/31/25) | 10.1 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.3 |

Closing Remarks

John Kasel
President and CEO



Capital Allocation Priorities

Relentless Pursuit of Shareholder Returns with Prudent Capital Allocation

Capital Allocation

Debt Reduction

- > Target maintaining Gross Leverage Ratio¹ between ~1.0x - ~2.0x; improving free cash flow outlook provides opportunities for further growth and shareholder returns

Share Repurchases

- > Repurchased ~1.5% of shares outstanding during the first quarter; new \$40M share repurchase program authorized through February 2028

Investment for Growth

Growth Capital Expenditures

- > Targeting ~2.0% of sales for maintenance and to support organic growth initiatives

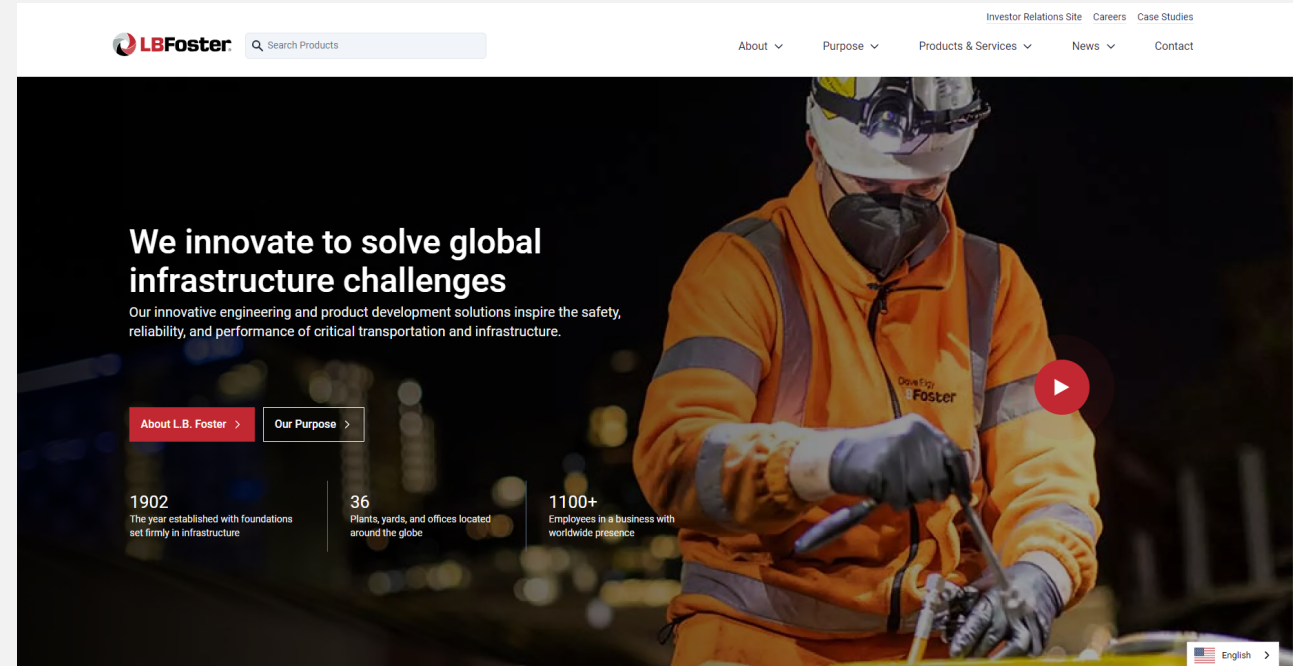
Tuck In Acquisitions

- > Continue to opportunistically evaluate strategic partnerships that enhance our current portfolio

New Brand Identity and Global Website



The **L.B. Foster centrifuge** represents our five areas of influence: enabling safety, improving information flow, keeping things moving, monitoring conditions, and enhancing environments.



Global website with increased functionality that provides an elevated user experience and introduces the Company's repositioned brand that focuses on two sectors: **Global Railroad and North American Infrastructure Markets**

We Innovate to Solve Global Infrastructure Challenges

Market and Business Outlook

Projects Supported by Government Funding Paused in Q1; Signs of Improvement in Backlog / Q2 Quoting



Government funding of large-scale investments for freight rail, transit lines and civil infrastructure / transportation projects expected to remain largely intact given need



Continuing focus on and funding of rail safety initiatives supports long-term growth for Rail Technologies offering



New facility in Florida commissioned in Q1; producing Envirocast[®] modular wall systems for commercial and residential real estate market

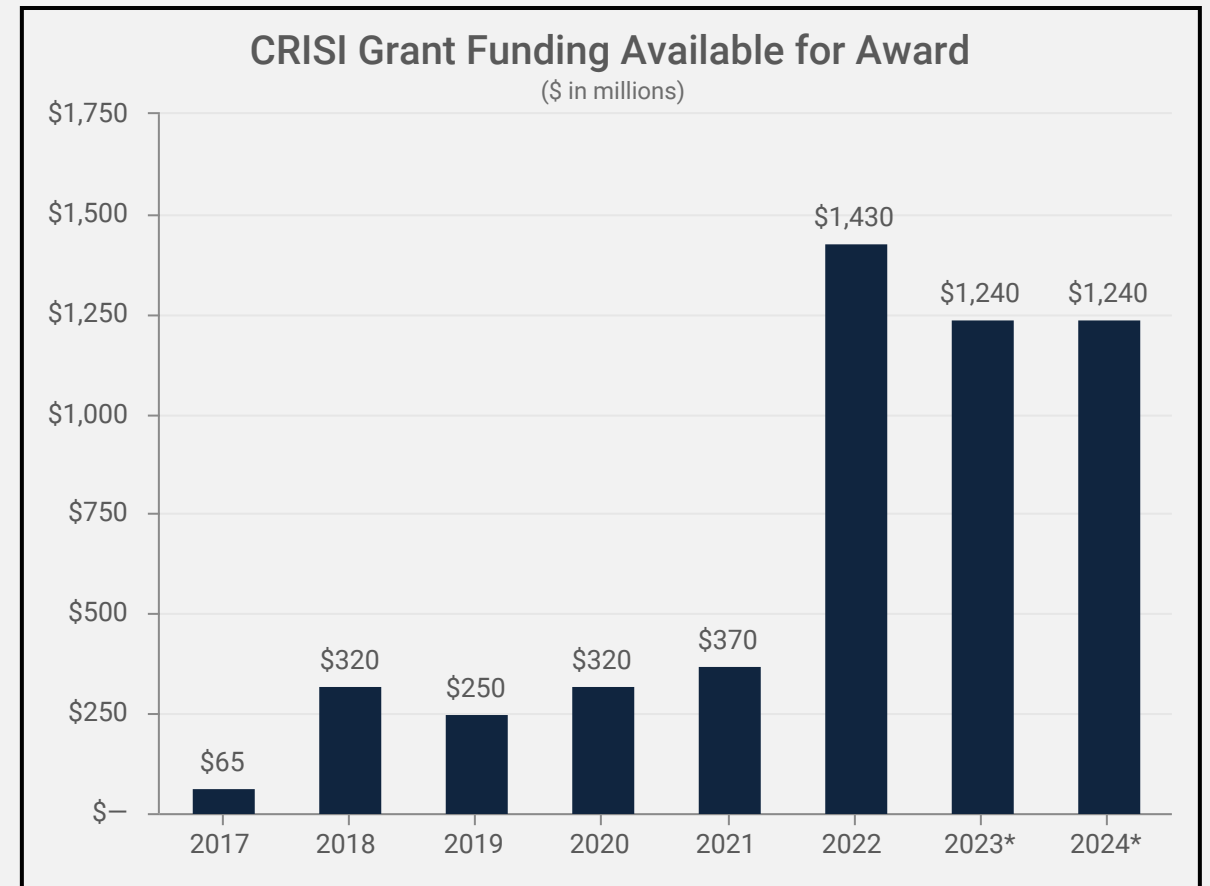


Renewed interest in domestic energy production translating into strong order book for Protective Coatings; backlog¹ up 51.6%

Government Investment in Domestic Rail Market

Investments in Infrastructure and Safety Improvement Programs Expected to Drive Demand

- > **Consolidated Rail Infrastructure and Safety Improvement ("CRISI")** grants provide funding for projects that improve safety, efficiency, and reliability of intercity passenger and freight rail
- > Funding has increased ~5.0x comparing the 2022-2024 average to the previous five years
- > Actual award of funding typically takes two years which our customers are starting to realize
- > Some further delays reported due to disruptions in Washington
- > Current portfolio of products and services support the rail projects funded by CRISI grants



Well Positioned for Growth - Infrastructure

Portfolio Well Positioned to Benefit from Increase in Construction Project Starts

Growth Drivers are in Place

- > Government initiatives and funding - Department of Transportation
- > Strong construction project starts in Southern U.S.
- > Renewed interest in pipeline investment in the U.S.
- > Great American Outdoors Act (2020) - funding expected through 2025
- > Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (2021) - majority of funding remains unspent
- > Infrastructure project starts increased ~16% YoY over LTM

EXHIBIT 2: LTM Project Start Dollars

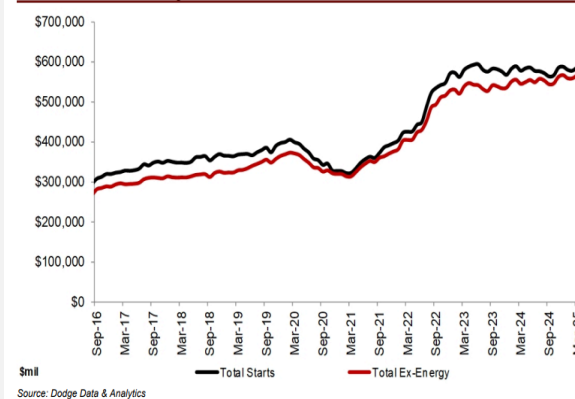


EXHIBIT 3: Total LTM Project Start Y/Y Growth Rate

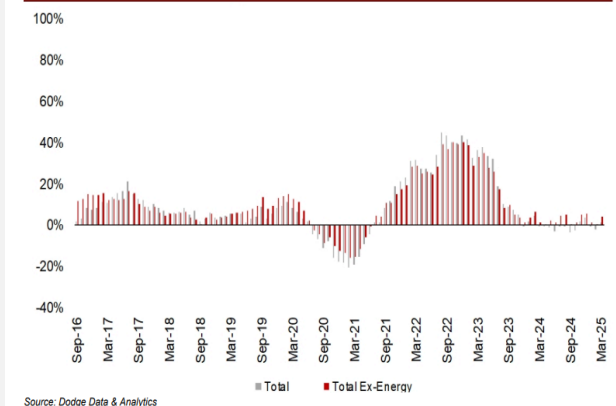


EXHIBIT 4: Rolling 3-Month Project Start Dollars

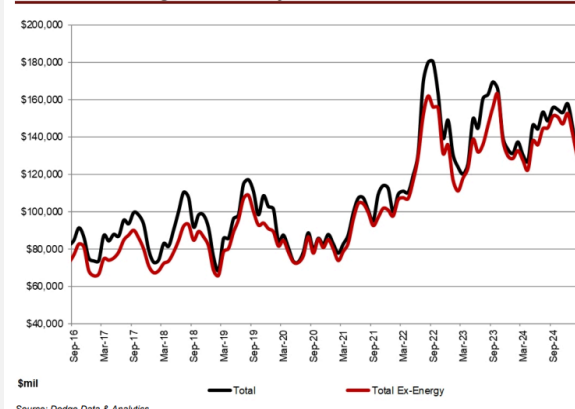
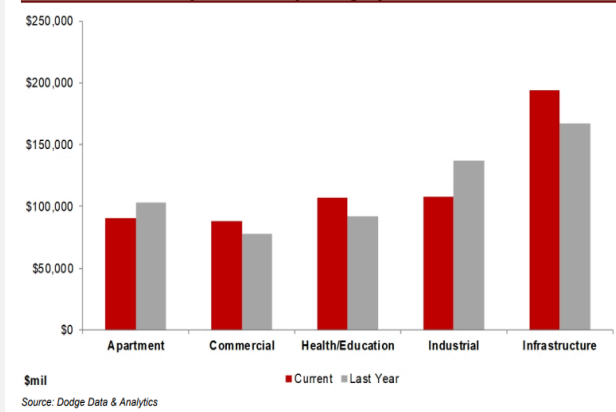


EXHIBIT 7: LTM Project Starts by Category



L.B. Foster Investment Thesis

Structural Improvement in Profitability

Business portfolio transformation, organic growth and focused profitability initiatives manifesting in improved results

Organic Growth Drivers in Place

Infrastructure pure play with a diverse set of avenues for growth in multi-year infrastructure investment super cycle

Favorable Free Cash Flow Inflection Point

Improved margin and profitability outlook with capital-light business model and demonstrated FCF generation over time

Disciplined Capital Allocation

Multiple value-creating capital allocation levers at disposal

Key Takeaways

Well Positioned to Benefit from Infrastructure Investment Super Cycle

Strategic Execution Established Platform for Profitable Growth

- > Refreshed strategy rolled out in 2021 and executed through 2025
- > Substantial improvement in growth and profitability profile of business portfolio
- > Investing in growth platforms aligned with infrastructure super cycle

Attractive Valuation and Free Cash Flow Yield

- > EV / 2025 Adj. EBITDA^{1,2} valuation from 5.3x - 6.0x based on 2025 guidance
- > Expected 2025 free cash flow yield^{1,2} ranging from 10% - 15% at current stock price

Strong Profitability Expansion / Cash Generation Expected in 2025

- > Adjusted EBITDA^{1,3} growth expected to be ~34% in 2025 with ~5.5% organic sales growth
- > Free cash flow^{1,2} projected between \$20M - \$30M with well-defined capital allocation strategy

1) Refer to safe harbor disclaimer slide and related reconciliations within the appendix regarding non-GAAP measures.
2) Refer to "Attractive Valuation and Free Cash Flow Yield" slide for further details on calculations.
3) Based on midpoint of financial guidance established March 4, 2025

Thank you!

L.B. Foster Company Investor Presentation

Nasdaq - FSTR



Appendix

Non-GAAP Measure: Adjusted EBITDA Margin

| Twelve months ended: | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2022 | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 | March 31, 2025 |
| Net (loss) income, as reported | \$ 3.5 | \$ (45.7) | \$ 1.3 | \$ 42.8 | \$ 36.3 |
| Interest expense - net | 3.0 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | 1.1 | 36.7 | (0.4) | (28.4) | (29.3) |
| Depreciation expense | 8.1 | 8.6 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 9.4 |
| Amortization expense | 5.8 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| Total EBITDA | \$ 21.4 | \$ 9.1 | 21.7 | \$ 33.5 | 25.9 |
| (Gain) loss on divestitures | (2.7) | — | 3.1 | — | — |
| Impairment expense | — | 8.0 | — | — | — |
| Acquisition and divestiture costs | — | 2.2 | — | — | — |
| Commercial contract settlement | — | 4.0 | — | — | — |
| Insurance proceeds | — | (0.8) | — | — | — |
| VanHooseCo inventory adjustment to fair value amortization | — | 1.1 | — | — | — |
| VanHooseCo contingent consideration | — | 0.5 | — | — | — |
| Bridge grid deck exit impact | — | — | 4.5 | — | — |
| Bad debt provision | — | — | 1.9 | — | — |
| Restructuring costs | — | — | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Gain on asset sale | — | — | — | (4.3) | (0.8) |
| Legal expense | — | — | — | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Pension termination costs | — | — | — | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 18.7 | \$ 24.2 | \$ 31.8 | \$ 33.6 | \$ 29.5 |
| Net sales, as adjusted | \$ 513.6 | \$ 501.5 | \$ 545.7 | \$ 530.8 | \$ 504.2 |
| Net income (loss) margin | 0.7 % | (9.1)% | 0.2 % | 8.1 % | 7.2 % |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin | 3.6 % | 4.8 % | 5.8 % | 6.3 % | 5.9 % |

Non-GAAP Measure: Adjusted EBITDA

| (\$ in millions) | Three months ended March 31, | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 |
| Net (loss) income, as reported | \$ (2.1) | \$ 4.4 |
| Interest expense - net | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | (0.6) | 0.3 |
| Depreciation expense | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| Amortization expense | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Total EBITDA | 1.8 | 9.4 |
| Gain on asset sale | — | (3.5) |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 1.8 | \$ 5.9 |

Non-GAAP Measure: Adjusted EBITDA by Quarter

| (\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2022 | June 30, 2022 | September 30, 2022 | December 31, 2022 |
| Net (loss) income, as reported | \$ (1.6) | \$ 2.0 | \$ (2.1) | \$ (44.0) |
| Interest expense - net | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | (0.5) | 0.8 | (0.2) | 36.5 |
| Depreciation expense | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
| Amortization expense | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Total EBITDA | 1.7 | 6.5 | 2.6 | (1.6) |
| Insurance proceeds | — | (0.3) | — | — |
| Acquisition and divestiture costs | — | 0.5 | 1.3 | 0.4 |
| Gain on divestiture of Piling Products | — | (0.5) | — | — |
| Loss on divestiture of Track Components | — | — | 0.4 | — |
| VanHooseCo inventory adjustment to fair value amortization | — | — | 0.9 | 0.3 |
| VanHooseCo contingent consideration | — | — | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Commercial contract settlement | — | — | 4.0 | — |
| Impairment expense | — | — | — | 8.0 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 1.7 | \$ 6.1 | \$ 9.3 | \$ 7.5 |

Non-GAAP Measure: Adjusted EBITDA by Quarter

| (\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2023 | June 30, 2023 | September 30, 2023 | December 31, 2023 |
| Net (loss) income, as reported | \$ (2.2) | \$ 3.5 | \$ 0.4 | \$ (0.5) |
| Interest expense - net | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | (0.5) | 0.6 | (0.1) | (0.3) |
| Depreciation expense | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Amortization expense | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| Total EBITDA | 2.5 | 9.5 | 5.6 | 4.1 |
| Loss on divestiture | 2.0 | 1.0 | — | — |
| VanHooseCo contingent consideration | (0.1) | 0.1 | — | — |
| Bridge grid deck impact | — | — | 4.1 | 0.3 |
| Bad debt provision | — | — | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Restructuring costs | — | — | — | 0.7 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 4.5 | \$ 10.6 | \$ 10.6 | \$ 6.1 |

Non-GAAP Measure: Adjusted EBITDA by Quarter

| (\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2024 | June 30, 2024 | September 30, 2024 | December 31, 2024 |
| Net income (loss), as reported | \$ 4.4 | \$ 2.8 | \$ 35.9 | \$ (0.3) |
| Interest expense - net | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | 0.3 | 0.3 | (29.7) | 0.7 |
| Depreciation expense | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| Amortization expense | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Total EBITDA | 9.4 | 8.1 | 11.0 | 5.0 |
| Gain on asset sale | (3.5) | (0.8) | — | — |
| Legal expense | — | 0.8 | 0.4 | — |
| Restructuring costs | — | — | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Pension termination costs | — | — | — | 1.7 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 5.9 | \$ 8.1 | \$ 12.3 | \$ 7.2 |

Non-GAAP Measure: Adjusted Results

| Consolidated Adj. Results (\$ in millions) | Twelve Months Ended | | Trailing Twelve Months Ended | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | June 30, 2024 | March 31, 2024 | September 30, 2023 |
| Net sales, as reported | \$ 543.7 | \$ 497.5 | \$ 545.3 | \$ 552.6 | \$ 546.0 |
| Bridge grid deck exit impact | 2.0 | — | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Crossrail settlement adjustment | — | 4.0 | — | — | — |
| Net sales, as adjusted | \$ 545.7 | \$ 501.5 | \$ 547.3 | \$ 554.6 | \$ 548.0 |
| Gross profit, as reported | \$ 112.0 | \$ 89.6 | \$ 112.8 | \$ 114.9 | \$ 110.1 |
| Bridge grid deck exit impact | 3.9 | — | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Crossrail settlement adjustment | — | 4.0 | — | — | — |
| VanHooseCo inventory adjustment to fair value amortization | — | 0.9 | — | — | — |
| Gross profit, as adjusted | \$ 115.9 | \$ 94.4 | \$ 116.7 | \$ 118.8 | \$ 114.0 |
| Gross profit margin, as reported | 20.6 % | 18.0 % | 20.7 % | 20.8 % | 20.2 % |
| Gross profit margin, as adjusted | 21.2 % | 18.8 % | 21.3 % | 21.4 % | 20.8 % |

Non-GAAP Measure: Adjusted Results

| Consolidated Adj. Results (\$ in millions) | Trailing Twelve Months Ended | | | Three Months Ended | |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | June 30, 2023 | March 31, 2023 | September 30, 2022 | September 30, 2023 | September 30, 2022 |
| Net sales, as reported | \$ 530.7 | \$ 514.1 | \$ 473.2 | \$ 145.3 | \$ 130.0 |
| Bridge grid deck exit impact | — | — | — | 2.0 | — |
| Crossrail settlement adjustment | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | — | 4.0 |
| Net sales, as adjusted | \$ 534.7 | \$ 518.1 | \$ 477.2 | \$ 147.3 | \$ 134.0 |
| Gross profit, as reported | \$ 105.8 | \$ 96.5 | \$ 81.8 | \$ 27.4 | \$ 23.1 |
| Bridge grid deck exit impact | — | — | — | 3.9 | — |
| Crossrail settlement adjustment | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | — | 4.0 |
| VanHooseCo inventory adjustment to fair value amortization | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | — | 0.9 |
| Gross profit, as adjusted | \$ 110.6 | \$ 101.3 | \$ 86.7 | \$ 31.3 | \$ 27.9 |
| Gross profit margin, as reported | 19.9 % | 18.8 % | 17.3 % | 18.9 % | 17.8 % |
| Gross profit margin, as adjusted | 20.7 % | 19.5 % | 18.2 % | 21.2 % | 20.8 % |

Non-GAAP Measure: Infrastructure Adjusted Results

| | Three Months Ended |
|--|--------------------|
| (\$ in millions) | September 30, 2023 |
| Infrastructure Solutions net sales, as reported | \$ 58.5 |
| Bridge grid deck exit impact | 2.0 |
| Infrastructure Solutions net sales, as adjusted | \$ 60.5 |
| Infrastructure Solutions gross profit, as reported | \$ 11.0 |
| Bridge grid deck exit impact | 3.1 |
| VanHooseCo inventory adjustment to fair value amortization | — |
| Infrastructure Solutions gross profit, as adjusted | \$ 14.0 |
| Infrastructure Solutions gross profit margin, as reported | 18.8 % |
| Infrastructure Solutions gross profit margin, as adjusted | 23.2 % |

Non-GAAP Measure: Net Debt¹

| | March 31, 2025 | December 31, 2024 | September 30, 2024 | June 30, 2024 | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | September 30, 2023 | June 30, 2023 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| (\$ in millions) | | | | | | | | |
| Total debt | \$ 82.5 | \$ 46.9 | \$ 68.5 | \$ 87.2 | \$ 78.1 | \$ 55.3 | \$ 71.7 | \$ 89.5 |
| Less: cash and cash equivalents | (2.6) | (2.5) | (3.1) | (4.0) | (3.1) | (2.6) | (3.0) | (3.9) |
| Total net debt ¹ | \$ 79.9 | \$ 44.5 | \$ 65.4 | \$ 83.2 | \$ 74.9 | \$ 52.7 | \$ 68.7 | \$ 85.6 |

Non-GAAP Measure: Enterprise Value

| | March 31, 2025 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| (\$ in millions) | |
| Share price (as of 5/12/2025) | \$ 18.78 |
| Shares outstanding (as of 5/12/2025) | 10.6 |
| Market Capitalization | \$ 198.3 |
| Net debt (as of 3/31/2025) | 79.9 |
| Enterprise Value | \$ 278.2 |

| | December 31, 2025 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| (\$ in millions) | |
| Share price (as of 5/12/2025) | \$ 18.78 |
| Shares outstanding (as of 5/12/2025) | 10.6 |
| Market Capitalization | \$ 198.3 |
| Net debt ¹ | 54.9 |
| Enterprise Value | \$ 253.2 |

Note figures may not foot due to rounding.
 1) Net debt as of March 31, 2025 less midpoint of 2025 free cash flow guidance

Non-GAAP Measure: Free Cash Flow Yield

| | 2025 Goals | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Low | High |
| Free cash flow guidance | \$ 20.0 | \$ 30.0 |
| Shares outstanding (as of 5/2/2025) | 10.6 | 10.6 |
| Free cash flow per share | \$ 1.89 | \$ 2.83 |
| Share price (as of 5/2/2025) | \$ 18.78 | \$ 18.78 |
| Free Cash Flow Yield | 10 % | 15 % |

Non-GAAP Measure: Free Cash Flow

| Twelve months ended: | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| (\$ in millions) | December 31, 2021 | December 31, 2024 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities | \$ (0.8) | \$ 22.6 |
| Less: capital expenditures on property, plant, and equipment | (4.6) | (9.8) |
| Free cash flow | \$ (5.4) | \$ 12.8 |

| Six months ended: | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| (\$ in millions) | December 31, 2024 | June 30, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | June 30, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | June 30, 2022 | December 31, 2021 | June 30, 2021 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | \$ 49.0 | \$ (26.8) | \$ 40.7 | \$ (3.3) | \$ 2.8 | \$ (13.4) | \$ (7.6) | \$ 6.8 |
| Less: capital expenditures on property, plant, and equipment | (5.0) | (4.3) | (3.4) | (1.5) | (4.6) | (3.0) | (2.4) | (2.2) |
| Free cash flow | \$ 44.0 | \$ (31.2) | \$ 37.3 | \$ (4.8) | \$ (1.8) | \$ (16.4) | \$ (10.0) | \$ 4.6 |

Non-GAAP Measure: Funding Capacity

| | March 31, 2025 |
|---|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2.6 |
| Total availability under the credit facility | 130.0 |
| Outstanding borrowings on revolving credit facility | (82.1) |
| Letters of credit outstanding | (0.8) |
| Net availability under the revolving credit facility ¹ | \$ 47.2 |
| Total available funding capacity¹ | \$ 49.8 |

Non-GAAP Measure: Organic Sales

| Change in Consolidated Sales | Year Ended | Percent Change |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | December 31, | |
| 2023 net sales, as reported | \$ 543.7 | |
| Decrease from divestitures and exit | (13.8) | (2.5)% |
| Change due to organic sales growth | 0.8 | 0.2 % |
| 2024 net sales, as reported | \$ 530.8 | (2.4)% |

| Change in Consolidated Sales | Year Ended | Percent Change |
|---|--------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | December 31, | |
| 2022 net sales, as reported | \$ 497.5 | |
| Net decrease from acquisitions & divestitures | (12.2) | (2.5)% |
| Change due to organic sales growth | 58.4 | 11.7 % |
| 2023 net sales, as reported | \$ 543.7 | 9.3 % |

| Change in Consolidated Organic Sales | Year Ended | Percent Change |
|---|--------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | December 31, | |
| 2021 net sales, as reported | \$ 513.6 | |
| Net decrease from acquisitions & divestitures | (46.0) | (9.0)% |
| Change due to organic sales growth | 29.9 | 5.8 % |
| 2022 net sales, as reported | \$ 497.5 | (2.4)% |

Non-GAAP Measure: Rail Organic Sales

| Change in Rail, Technologies, and Services Sales | Three Months Ended | Percent Change |
|--|--------------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | June 30, | |
| 2023 net sales, as reported | \$ 91.6 | |
| Decrease due to divestitures | (1.4) | (1.5)% |
| Change due to organic sales | (4.6) | (5.0)% |
| 2024 net sales, as reported | \$ 85.6 | (6.6)% |

| Change in Rail, Technologies, and Services Sales | Three Months Ended | Percent Change |
|--|--------------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | September 30, | |
| 2023 net sales, as reported | \$ 86.9 | |
| Decrease due to divestitures | – | – % |
| Change due to organic sales | (7.4) | (8.5)% |
| 2024 net sales, as reported | \$ 79.5 | (8.5)% |

| Change in Rail, Technologies, and Services Sales | Three Months Ended | Percent Change |
|--|--------------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | December 31, | |
| 2023 net sales, as reported | \$ 69.3 | |
| Change due to organic sales | 9.9 | 14.2 % |
| 2024 net sales, as reported | \$ 79.2 | 14.2 % |

Note figures may not foot due to rounding.
 1) Refer to safe harbor disclaimer slide and related reconciliations within the appendix regarding non-GAAP measures.

Non-GAAP Measure: Adj. Infrastructure Organic Sales

| Change in Infrastructure Solutions Sales | Three Months Ended | Percent change |
|--|--------------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | June 30, | |
| 2023 net sales, as reported | \$ 56.4 | |
| Decrease due to product line exit | (0.8) | (1.4)% |
| Change due to organic sales | (0.4) | (0.7)% |
| 2024 net sales, as reported | \$ 55.2 | (2.2)% |

| Change in Infrastructure Solutions Sales | Three Months Ended | Percent change |
|--|--------------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | September 30, | |
| 2023 net sales, as adjusted | \$ 60.5 | |
| Decrease due to product line exit | (1.3) | (2.2)% |
| Change due to organic sales | (1.1) | (1.9)% |
| 2024 net sales, as reported | \$ 58.0 | (4.1)% |

| Change in Infrastructure Solutions Sales | Three Months Ended | Percent Change |
|--|--------------------|----------------|
| (\$ in millions) | December 31, | |
| 2023 net sales, as reported | \$ 65.6 | |
| Decrease due to product line exit | (1.6) | (2.4)% |
| Change due to organic sales | (15.0) | (22.8)% |
| 2024 net sales, as reported | \$ 49.0 | (25.2)% |

Note figures may not foot due to rounding.

1) Refer to safe harbor disclaimer slide and related reconciliations within the appendix regarding non-GAAP measures.